

The Times-Democrat.

VOL. XIII. NO. 184.

LIMA, OHIO, TUESDAY, MAY 18, 1897.

PRICE THREE CENTS.

IT STUCK IN THE HOUSE

Meaning the Resolution to Aid Americans in Cuba.

THE PRESIDENT'S MESSAGE.

Public Interest Was Shown In the Question by the Crowds In the Galleries—Mr. Wellington's Maiden Speech.

Washington, May 18.—Cuba engrossed the attention of the senate. The public interest in the subject was shown by the great crowds which besieged the galleries throughout the day. Among the occupants of the diplomatic gallery were Sir Julian Pauncefote, the British ambassador, and Minister Hatch of Hawaii, and in the reserved gallery was General Dan Sickles, ex-United States minister to Spain. Neither the Spanish legation or the Cuban bureau in Washington were represented so far as could be observed.

Two phases of the subject were presented. First came the question of relief to destitute and starving Americans in Cuba, and at 2 p. m. Mr. Morgan's resolution caused spirited debate. The first question was presented in the president's message as soon as the session opened. Immediately following its reading Mr. Davis, chairman of the committee on foreign relations, presented a favorable report on a joint resolution appropriating \$50,000 for relief of American citizens in Cuba, which was adopted.

Promptly at 2 p. m. the Morgan Cuban resolution was taken up. At that time the galleries were filled to overflowing, as the crowds awaited something in addition to the relief resolution passed at the outset. The Morgan resolution declares that a condition of public war exists in Cuba and that strict neutrality shall be maintained by the United States.

Mr. Morgan stated that unless some senator desired to speak he would ask a ye and nay vote on the pending motion of Mr. Hale to refer the resolution to the committee on foreign relations.

Mr. Hale suggested the absence of a quorum and a call, after some delay, brought 46 senators, just a quorum to the senate.

The vote was about to be taken when Mr. Wellington (Rep., Md.) arose for his maiden speech, which proved to be a vigorous protest against the resolution and a plea for its reference to the committee on foreign relations.

He said that while a resolution of belligerency might not be serious, yet the serious results that might follow such a declaration. A new administration had just come into power, he said, back of it stretched four years of depression and disaster.

Capital had been in hiding or had sacrificed its principal as well as its returns. Back of us stretched four years of idleness. The Republican party had come into power on certain propositions. First of these was the question of an adequate tariff bill. He believed the first duty of congress was to the American people, rather than to the Cubans and Greeks.

"The policy pursued by the late administration and by Grover Cleveland meets my approval," declared Mr. Wellington, "and as a Republican I am prepared to say that Grover Cleveland did his duty in refusing to rush headlong into a radical Cuban policy."

Mr. Pettus of Alabama was on his feet as Mr. Wellington closed and inquired: "The senator speaks so emphatically of jingoes, let me ask him who are the jingoes and what are the jingoes?"

There was laughter and loud hand-clapping in the galleries on this query, evidently because the question was aimed against the opposition to the resolution.

"The senator needs no information from me as to who are the jingoes," responded Mr. Wellington. "It is the spirit that would drag our country into war with Spain; it is the spirit that would draw us into controversy with every country of Europe and make them our enemy rather than our friends."

Mr. Stewart of Nevada spoke briefly remarking that it was strange to hear this endorsement of the last administration from a Republican senator. "I do not endorse the last administration," interrupted Mr. Wellington, "except where foreign affairs are concerned."

Mr. Stewart went on to say that he could see no difference between the McKinley administration and the Cleveland administration on foreign questions. The only difference between the two administrations, he said, was one of persons.

"Mr. McKinley is a very pleasant gentleman," added Mr. Stewart, amid laughter. "I do not intend to draw comparisons, but I merely say that Mr. McKinley is a very pleasant gentleman."

Mr. Stewart argued for the resolution, saying it voiced the sentiment of the American people, who wanted no more of the Cleveland policy on Cuba.

Mr. Daniel of Virginia replied in a sarcastic vein to some of Mr. Wellington's remarks, and then read a carefully prepared manuscript involving

the legal points in the recognition of Cuban belligerency.

After concluding his legal argument Mr. Daniel branched to the general subject of Cuba and aroused the keenest attention by his vigorous words. The diplomacy of Spain had succeeded for two and one-half years, he said, in leading American diplomacy into the belief that war did not exist in Cuba. But the world knew that war existed there, high-handed, red-handed, bloody, cruel war.

It is a war in which Spain employs more troops than England employed in seeking to put down the American revolution. And yet senators were met with the statement that a recognition of a state of war in Cuba would be inimical to Spain. He denied it.

"I do not wish to see the American people involved in war. I look upon war as one of the greatest calamities that can befall a people. But it is a greater calamity for the public spirit of a great nation to be so deadened that it can look upon murder and arson and pillage with indifference, and for the public spirit of that nation to be so dead as to delay one instant in doing an act of justice because of fear of war."

At the close of Mr. Daniel's speech Mr. Mason of Illinois secured the floor and will speak when the resolution is taken up again.

A PARTY ISSUE.

House Adjourns Without Taking Action on the Cuban Question.

Washington, May 18.—The house confronted the Cuban question, made a party issue of it, and adjourned without taking any action.

President McKinley's message was received without demonstration and on its heels Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for consideration of a bill in response to the president's request.

Mr. Bailey of Texas asked for consent to consider in connection with the bill an amendment embodying Senator Morgan's resolution for recognition of the Cubans as belligerents. Mr. Dingley would not consent to consider the amendment nor Mr. Bailey to consider the bill without amendment, so, for the time, the question was sidetracked.

The house devoted two hours to debate on the conference report on the feature of the Indian appropriation bill, opening to settlement the gilsonite lands on the Uncompahgre Indian reservation in Utah, refused to accept the compromise agreed on by the conferees and asked for another conference with the senate on the bill.

In the meantime the senate resolution, practically identical with Mr. Hitt's bill, had been sent to the house. Mr. Hitt asked unanimous consent for its consideration. The deadlock between Mr. Dingley and Mr. Bailey was endeavoring to get consent for the consideration of the two Cuban propositions together Mr. Dingley put in a motion to adjourn. This motion was carried by a vote of 90 to 69, 13 answering present. Under the rule for bi-weekly sessions recently adopted, the adjournment carries the question over to Thursday.

AID FOR AMERICANS.
Text of President McKinley's Message to Congress on Cuba.

Washington, May 17.—President McKinley sent the following message to congress with reference to the destitution of American citizens in Cuba:

To the Senate and House of Representatives: Official information from our consuls in Cuba has established the fact that large numbers of American citizens in the island are in a state of destitution, suffering from want of food and medicines. This applies particularly to the rural districts of the central and eastern parts. The agricultural classes have been forced from their farms into the nearest towns, where they are without work or money. The local authorities of the several towns, however kindly disposed, are unable to relieve the needs of their own people, and are altogether powerless to help our citizens.

The latest report of Consul General Lee estimates that 600 to 800 Americans are without means of support. I have assured him that provision would be made at once to relieve them.

To that end I recommend that congress make an appropriation of not less than \$50,000 to be immediately available for use under the direction of the secretary of state.

It is desirable that a part of the sum which may be appropriated by congress should, in the discretion of the secretary of state, also be used for the transportation of American citizens who, desiring to return to the United States, are without means to do so.

WILLIAM McKINLEY.

Chapman in a Cell.

Washington, May 18.—Elverson R. Chapman, the recalcitrant sugar trust witness who refused to answer a senate committee's questions as to whether he had acted as a broker for any senators in speculations in sugar trust, occupies a cell at the District jail and will continue therein for 25 days.

Aldrich Will Speak Monday.

Washington, May 18.—Senator Aldrich will not make his opening speech on the tariff on Thursday as first announced, but when the bill is taken up on Monday will open the debate with the speech.

Washington Notes.

Salt Lake City, Abilene, Tex., and Aberdeen, N. D., got appropriations of \$100,000 each for public buildings.

The general committee of the postal congress is rapidly completing its work and it is expected to report to the congress on Wednesday or Thursday.

GREEKS DRIVEN BACK.

Telegram From Prince Constantine Tells the Tale.

RIGHT WING BADLY BROKEN.

Melanic Troops Were Unable to Repulse the Overwhelming Number of Turks, Although the Defeat Is Not General.

Athens, May 18.—The following telegram has been received from Crown Prince Constantine: "Our right wing under Colonel Mastropas has been compelled to retreat. It still holds Voussi, but may find it necessary to retire on Phourka Pass. It was necessary to bring up all the reserves in order to repulse the furious attacks of the enemy. Our wounded have been sent to Lamia. The conduct of the army was praiseworthy."

ATTACKED BY TURKS.

Description of the Bloody Battle Between Moslems and Greeks.

Athens, May 18.—Over 50,000 Turks simultaneously and continuously attacked the whole Greek line. The artillery did splendid work. Twice all the regiments of the Turks wavered and fled, though their attack was soon renewed with fresh forces, which in turn the Greek forces were able to hurl back.

The stubborn resistance and splendid vigor of the Greek troops finally compelled the Turks to give way altogether. All the attacks on the Greeks' left were similarly repulsed.

On the right the Greeks did not fare so well. The first attack of the Turks was repulsed, but they massed in immense forces for the next attack. The first line wavered and was broken, and the wing would have been turned, but for the timely arrival of reserves.

Still the Turks had gained ground which it was then impossible to regain, and we, therefore, fell back on Bousti.

The Turks had 50,000 troops with 30,000 reserves. The Greek force was only 35,000. The Greeks lost heavily, but the Turks must have lost thousands.

A SUMMARY

Of the Battle Near Domokos From the Greek Standpoint.

London, May 18.—The latest news from the seat of hostilities, by way of Athens, shows that the battle ceased about 9 p. m., but will probably be resumed at sunrise. Thus far no account of the fighting has been received from the Turkish side.

It is evident from the Greek account that the Greeks have suffered a serious defeat, and if the left wing has given away, as appears probable, Edhem Pasha may be able to cut off the Greek retreat and separate General Smolenski, at Scourpi, from the main army.

This is Edhem Pasha's reply to the foolish attempt of Colonel Manos to snatch a victory at Epirus. If Greece had prevented Manos from playing this last card of a gambler Turkey might perhaps have ceased hostilities. As it is now she is in the possession of Thessaly, and the powers will find the task of protecting Greece more difficult than ever.

Regarded as Ridiculous.

London, May 18.—The conditions proposed by the porte as the terms of peace with Greece have been freely discussed in the lobbies of parliament and the idea of the retrocession of Thessaly and of such an indemnity as is already suggested is ridiculed as impracticable and absurd. At the outside an indemnity of £5,000,000 or £6,000,000 and a slight strategic rectification of frontier are considered as likely to be the terms finally settled upon.

On Tiptoe of Expectancy.

Athens, May 18.—The most intense excitement prevails here. All the cabinet ministers have been assembled since noon at the ministry of marine, where the dispatches from the fronts are being received. The gravity of the situation can not be overestimated.

Wounded Soldiers on Exhibition.

Constantinople, May 18.—The sultan reviewed a division of the imperial guard. During the proceedings 60 Turkish soldiers who have recovered from wounds received while fighting against the Greeks were drawn up in front of the palace.

Greeks Again Retreating.

Athens, May 18.—A correspondent at Domokos at 1 a. m. telegraphs: "The Turks have occupied Kitiki. The Greek troops are retreating toward the Orthrys range on the old frontier."

Greek Right Wing Repulsed.

Athens, May 18.—A dispatch from Domokos says that the Greek right wing has been compelled to retire six kilometers.

Good Citizens' League.

Nashville, May 18.—In the Gospel Tabernacle the National Good Citizens' association will meet in convention lasting three days, the purpose being to organize an international good citizens' league. Indications are that the convention will be largely attended.

Royal Decree Arrives.

Havana, May 18.—The royal decree putting into force the reforms which

the government decided on March 15 should be established in the provinces of Santa Clara, Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio, arrived from Spain.

Burns Knocked Unconscious.
Cincinnati, May 18.—Before the Peoria's Athletic club Jim Freaney and Charlie Burns, local sports, fought savagely with gloves for \$500. Freaney knocked Burns into unconsciousness in the fifth round and won.

FATAL QUARREL.

One Schoolboy Strikes Another With a Stone, Causing Death.

Columbus, O., May 18.—As a result of a childish quarrel Robert Schnepf, 12, lies dead at 109 South Park street, and Barney Rowe is in the city prison as his murderer.

Both were scholars at the Front Street school. Just after school was out both left the building and went through Elm alley on Park street. Just around the corner they got into a quarrel.

The Rowe boy picked up a stone and hurled it with all his force at the other lad, striking him back of the right ear. The boy threw up his hands and started to run, but after going a few steps he sank to the ground and expired.

THE CRUEL WAR.

Day After Day Men Are Slaughtered in Cuba.

Havana, May 18.—During a number of small skirmishes which have taken place recently in the province of Santa Clara, the insurgents had 30 men killed an insurgent major and a sub-prefect surrendered and 65 armed insurgents were captured.

In the province of Matanzas, Havana and Pinar del Rio, 25 insurgents were killed in recent skirmishes and 43 surrendered to the Spanish authorities.

In these engagements, according to the official reports, the government forces lost six men killed and 27 men wounded.

A detachment of troops which was escorting a convoy from Manzanillo to Gayame in the province of Santiago de Cuba, has dislodged an insurgent force from the positions which it occupied. The troops had 25 men wounded.

The Spanish officials here say that the stories published by a New York newspaper from Havana via Key West, announcing the defeat of Colonel Ruiz near Manzanillo with a loss of many killed and the defeat of Colonel Aguilar, near Guines, this province, recently, by insurgent forces, are untrue.

The Marquis Palmerola, the civil governor of Havana, has gone to Placetas, province of Santa Clara, to confer with Captain General Weyler regarding the pardon for political offenders which is momentarily expected to be announced from Madrid on the occasion of the eleventh anniversary of the birth of King Alfonso XIII.

Quite a Financial Boost.

London, May 18.—The Princess of Wales fund started at the suggestion of her royal highness to provide a dinner or some substantial meal during the week of the jubilee commemoration for the poorest of the London poor, beggars, outcasts and tenants of the slums, received an anonymous contribution of £25,000.

Allen O. Myers Restored.

Cincinnati, May 18.—The Cincinnati lodge of the Benevolent Protective Order of Elks has received an order from the grand exalted ruler for the reinstatement of ex-Grand Secretary Allen O. Myers to all his rights and privileges. This is the last of the factional fight in the Order of Elks that started three years ago.

GERMAN SOCIETY

Entertained Last Evening at Their Hall, With Music and Dancing.

The German Society, last evening in their hall in the Klaus block, gave a delightful social to their wives and lady friends. A large number were present and the evening was passed in a way that was pleasing to everybody present.

An interesting musical programme was rendered. Those who assisted in this were: Mary Klatte, vocal solo; Mamie Keville, piano solo; Chas. M. Haas, declamation; Frank Sieber, piano solo; Peter Laughlin, vocal solo. After the programme had been rendered, refreshments were served and the remainder of the evening spent in dancing.

The following members composed the committee on arrangements: H. F. Vortkamp, A. G. Lutz, Henry Wemmer.

A chance to get something of value for nothing. Solve the celebrated 45 puzzle and get a suit of clothes or pair of trousers for nothing. Open to Lima people only.
Thompson & Gilles, The Tailors.

Norah Lamison.

If you intend to see the play May 25th, do not delay. The sale yesterday was heavy.

Four photos for 50 cents at Van DeGrift's

MORE PAVING.

[Continued From Eighth Page.]

of south Main street from the public square to the C. & E. R. R., were read. More than two-thirds of the abutting property was represented by seventy-six signatures, and as a majority of the signers were in favor of asphalt, the petition requested that a good quality of that material be used.

Mr. Standish moved to refer the petition to the paving committee, and stated that he understood that in order to have the south Main street improvement conform with the north Main street pavement, some of the property owners who had signed in favor of asphalt were willing to have brick used.

Mr. Chapin said it would be a mistake to pave the street with asphalt, but that he would favor whatever material the majority of the property owners wanted.

Mr. Snyder said he had signed the petition and would vote for whatever material the majority of property owners wanted.

The motion to refer the petition to the paving committee was carried.

The street committee made the following recommendations:

That the Dayton Northern be granted permission to cross streets and alleys between the L. E. & W. and Lima Northern tracks, under condition that grades shall not be changed; that the petition of the Lima Railway Co. to extend their tracks over south Pine street, west Wayne street and Jameson avenue be published according to law; that the street commissioner remove the house of Mrs. Kalther south on Union street, away from proposed line of Findlay street; that J. E. Bichie be notified to remove surplus dirt from Washington street, abutting his property, left there from sewer trench; that street commissioner be directed to construct sewer drop at southwest corner of Grand avenue and Union street.

The above report was received and adopted.

The building committee recommended the purchase of a bath tub and the preparation of a bath room at the central fire department station.

The report was adopted.

POLICE REAPPOINTED.

Mayor Baxter reported the reappointment of all members of the present police department and recommended their confirmation.

Upon motion by Mr. Hughes the mayor's report was referred to the police committee.

Mayor Baxter also recommended that the seven citizens who were trustees representing the city in the contract recently made with the C. & E. R. R. be appointed as an advisory committee to act with the finance committee in the matter of securing the Lima Northern shops.

Upon motion by Mr. Koch the recommendation was adopted.

Clerk read bids upon proposed Hughes avenue and west North street sewers, and reported that William Crossen was the lowest bidder.

The Hughes avenue sewer plan was referred to the engineer to investigate proper outlet.

Mr. Miller objected to awarding any more contracts to William Crossen. He said he understood that Crossen paid poor wages and did not place the sewer pipe in the trenches properly. He suggested that the city hire men to build the sewers under the direction of the engineer.

Mr. Koch mentioned two sewers that had been put down by Crossen and had been relaid.

Mr. Hughes said the engineer was to blame if the sewers were not properly constructed.

Mr. Miller moved to reject all bids. The engineer said he believed that Crossen was at the present time doing good work.

The motion to reject all bids was carried, and the clerk was instructed to re-advertise for bids.

Ordinance for the proposed Bees avenue sewer was read and upon motion was laid aside and the property owners were granted permission to proceed at once with the construction of the sewer as per their own suggestion.

Ordinance for the proposed McKibben street sewer was read and passed.

Ordinance to improve north West street, from Wayne street to Penna. avenue, was read and passed.

Ordinance to improve north McDonel street, from Wayne street to the P. & E. R. R. right of way, was read and passed.

Ordinance to make sewer connections on Harrison avenue was passed. Ordinance to have sewer connections made on west Market street was passed.

Ordinance for sewer connections on north Main street, from the public square to the P. & E. R. R., was passed.

Upon motion by Mr. Hughes, the passage of all the sewer connection ordinances mentioned above was reconsidered and referred to the solicitor to have inserted a provision for the renewal of gas and water service pipes.

Ordinances to establish grade of Circular street, west of Main, and

ROYAL BAKING POWDER
Absolutely Pure.

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulteration common to the cheap brands. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

two alleys in that part of the city, were read.

Engineer was instructed to see stakes for the opening of Findlay street, and the street commissioner was instructed to construct ditches to drain the new portion of the street.

Upon motion by Mr. Robbins, the clerk was instructed to request the street railway company to have the speed of cars lessened at McKibben street, on account of the danger to school children.

Matter of probable necessity of lowering west Market street sewer was referred to the street commissioner.

The street commissioner was instructed to put in a sewer drop to drain water from a vacant lot on Greenlawn avenue.

Fire department was granted permission to participate in street parade on Decoration Day.

The council accepted an invitation to participate in the Decoration Day street parade and exercises.

Purchasing committee was authorized to purchase a car load of brick. Adjourned.

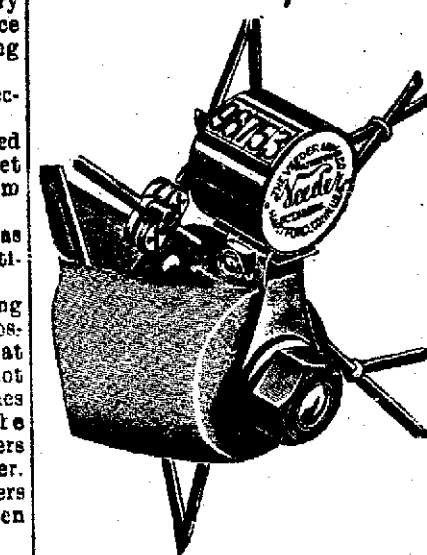
CHARLEY SETTLED.

He Agrees to Pay Miss Hay the Sum of Seventy-five Dollars.

Charles F. Simpkins, who was arrested Saturday night, charged with being the father of Miss Retta Hay's child, was taken before justice Astor last evening. He managed to compromise the case by agreeing to pay Miss Hay the sum of \$75.

Four photos for 50 cents at Van DeGrift's.

THE VEEDER, \$1.50

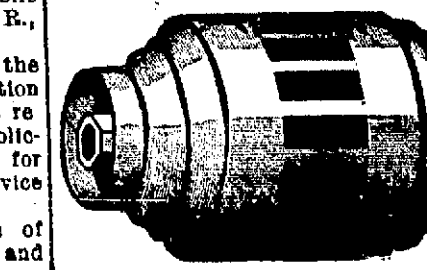


THE LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO.
217 SOUTH MAIN ST.

15 Days' Consolidation Sale!

It will only be 15 more days until we move our Danville stock to our store in Lima. We must make room in some manner for this stock. We have taken the plan of lowering the prices to make our room for the next two weeks. At our Consolidation Sale you can buy goods at almost your own price.

M.F. EVERTON & CO.



CUBA'S WORST CURSE

THE GUERRILLA, FIEND OF PILLAGE AND SLAUGHTER.

Storage Outlaws. Led by Spanish Tyrants. Chiefly Brazenly Appropriate Articles of War Beauty and Value—Rank and File—Lay and Steal at Will.

Captain General Weyler's order of concentration gains added terror from the means adopted to enforce it. The guerrilla of the Cuban war is the personification of the struggle. He typifies its character. The guerrilla is a robber and a murderer. That is the kind of a war this is. Fair, stand up fighting has no place in it. Cruel work is to be done. The guerrilla is at home there. He has come to be the most efficient branch of the service. The regular soldiers from Spain guard the trains and move about the country in columns. They would be fighting if there was any battling to be done. The volunteers perform guard service in the cities and towns where they live. But the guerrillas are the Spanish troops intrusted with what is now the most prominent feature of Weyler's plan of campaign.

The guerrillas are organized into bands of about 100 men. The members are residents of Cuba. Usually the chief of the guerrillas is a Spaniard, but in the ranks are found Cubans and negroes. The guerrilla is in the service from mixed motives, but not one of these motives is laudable. Criminals have been released from jail to enter these bands. Some desperadoes transported for life have been brought back from Spain's penal colonies and turned loose upon the pacific to prey like human wolves. The guerrillas of Cuba are the men with bad records. Among them may be some who should not be so classed. But the nature of the service calls for that unmanliness which knows not justice, much less mercy.

Nearly every city and town of importance on the island has a band of guerrillas recruited and assigned to it. The guerrillas are well mounted. Each band scours and scourges the country surrounding its station. Day after day the guerrillas ride over the fields. To them are charged nine-tenths of the outrages perpetrated on pacifics. Their efficiency is spurred on by plunder. One of these guerrilla bands in Santa Clara province has made a specialty of looting the fine houses on the sugar estates. Affidavits which will cut a figure when Spain's reckoning day comes for the losses sustained by American citizens are now on file at a consulate showing that a certain guerrilla chief of this province has carted away from one estate great quantities of property. The residence was gutted. Fourteen ox carts loaded—constituted part of the plunder. This chief even went so far as to haul from a place left unguarded by the owner a lot of lumber, which he is using in the construction of a house for his mother-in-law. Machinery, water tanks, even the roof tiles, have been taken by this guerrilla and sold for whatever they would bring. One of the owners of the estate thus plundered is a vice consul of the United States in a Cuban city. From a neighboring estate this same guerrilla chief has stolen fine china, costly furniture, imported saddles, clothing, statuary and whatever else he desired.

The chiefs plunder on a scale commensurate with their rank. Everything is girt that comes within the grasp of the guerrilla private. Members of the bands may be seen riding into towns in Santa Clara, carrying before them on their saddles sewing machines taken from pacifics. They have been known to sell these machines for \$1 apiece.

Cubans tell by the hour tales of guerrilla outrages. The American finds himself wondering why the pacifics do not rise against their persecutors. The thought was suggested to an intelligent native who had been recounting some of the horrors. The Cuban shook his head sadly as he replied:

"If these things were done in the United States, your people would all be up in arms. But there is not the spirit of fight in the Cubans. We are too mild. Among the pacifics are many able-bodied men, but they do not go out to fight as you would expect. We are a people naturally peaceable. If we ever get our independence, we shall not have the lawlessness that those who do not know us fear. We shall not be warring among ourselves. I am not afraid that Cubans will fight among themselves. That which is our weakness now will be our strength if we become a nation. I am only afraid of the Spaniards, who will remain a disturbing element. They are revengeful. The Cuban has not that trait. No feuds among Cubans would survive the war."

"What about these guerrillas? Would they be allowed to remain if independence is obtained?"

"Yes. As grievously as the pacifics have suffered I can say from what I know of my countrymen that as soon as the war ended there would be a spirit of forgiveness for all. Why, we had the guerrillas in the ten years' war. At the end of it they were allowed to settle among us, and nothing was charged against them. It will be so again if we gain independence."

"The climate of the island," the Cuban continued, "seems to take out of men and all animal life the spirit of fighting. We are of Spanish blood, but in some way, even in the first or second generation, we lose the Spanish feeling of belligerence. Do you know that we have to import all of our bulls for fighting? We may bring the best strains from Spain, but the progeny born on the island is worthless for the plaza de toros. We have no ferocious animals in Cuba, and you can almost say no poisonous reptiles. If we ever get independence, we shall be a nation whose amiability will astonish the world."

The Cuban sighed as if the prospect of Cuba as an independent republic furnishing an object lesson in peace and good will was not as near as he wished.

—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

KILLED IN VAIN.

Supposed Victim of a Man Who Was Hanged Years Ago.

About three years ago two cousins, Charley and Jesse Hibden of Paul's Valley, I. T., together with a cook named George Jones, left that place and went to Arkansas, their purpose being to trade horses for cattle. The Hibdens never returned, and Jones was suspected as their murderer. He was arrested on purely circumstantial evidence and convicted of murdering the two Hibdens after a sensational trial.

Charred bones found in the remains of a campfire, and supposed to be those of the missing men, were the strongest witnesses against him. Jones insisted that he was innocent and on the scaffold declared that Jesse Hibden was a party to the murder, if not the principal, but Jesse's bones were supposed to have been found in the ashes where the murderers had cremated their victims to cover up the crime. Jones had influential relatives, and they exhausted every resource in their efforts to secure a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment.

It is now said that Jesse Hibden is alive and well and is himself serving a term for violation of the Federal laws against selling whisky to the Indians, he having been sent from the Fort Smith court.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PEACE THROUGH WAR.

A Paradox That Time Is Expected to Elucidate.

Whether the Turco-Grecian conflict will involve a general European war cannot be told. The concert of powers is apparently endeavoring to localize the scene of conflict, that it may be simply a duel between Turkey and Greece.

How long this status can be maintained is a problem. Fearful as such a war would be, it would be in the long run better for the people of Europe were the long worry over Turkey to be ended now.

The end can only come through war, and a general war is possible at any time so long as the Turk has a foothold in Europe. Lasting peace and the lifting of the burden of militarism from the people of all Europe cannot come until the crescent falls.

Hence, paradoxical as it may be, the wishes of all progressive men, the enlightened spirit of the Christian world, turn to war as the best and swiftest solution of the problem.—Toledo Blade.

MARRIED IN CALICO.

Parents Tried to Prevent an Elopement and of Course Failed.

The elopement of Edith Davenport, a high school girl, 16 years old, and John Ambrose, an Elmwood plumber, agitated the people of Cranston, R. I., recently.

They were married in Attleboro. William Davenport, the father of the runaway girl, says the marriage will be annulled if any legal action can bring it about.

A recent previous attempt of Miss Davenport and Ambrose to elope was frustrated by Edith's brother. The girl was packing her wardrobe at the brother's house when she was discovered. Her father then seized all her money and placed it behind lock and key. But this did not hinder the marriage, for when the word came, through a lamp-lighter, to prepare to accompany Ambrose, Miss Edith selected her prettiest calico house wrapper and departed for Attleboro, where she was made Mrs. Ambrose by the Rev. G. D. Blake of the First Baptist church.—Exchange.

Kissed White and Black.

Women and girls, white and black, were kissed one night recently by Jeremiah Sullivan, 29 years old, of New York. He is a big fellow of 6 feet and wore a suit of black clothes, a sweater and a derby hat. He kept up an indiscriminate fusillade of kisses for two hours in Ninth avenue and in the side streets.

Women complained to policemen, and he was arrested. He was found at a quarter past 11 o'clock hugging and kissing a colored woman of 80 years at Fifty-fourth street and Ninth avenue. The woman was struggling and screaming. Jerry evidently had been indulging in strong drink. When arraigned in the court, he said that he was respectable, but that he had been drunk. He was fined \$10.

She Sweats Blood.

At a recent meeting of the Medical society of Washington town, Md., Dr. S. S. Davis of Boonesboro read a paper on "An Anomalous Dermatitis," in which he described the peculiar disease of a woman at Boonesboro who sweats blood, but is otherwise in splendid health. He exhibited two handkerchiefs saturated with blood which he had wiped from the woman's face. The coloring matter in the handkerchiefs will be analyzed.—Washington Post.

Shipment of Snakes and Monkeys.

On board the North German Lloyd steamer Friedrich der Grosse, which arrived at Hoboken, N. J., recently, were a lot of wild animals, including an anteater, two lots of snakes, wild birds, canaries and a large number of monkeys. All the animals were shipped from Bremen. They were consigned to New York parties.

A number of the snakes and several of the monkeys died on the voyage.

Lost Teeth, Hair and Parents. William Holmes of Pittsburg was convicted of stealing \$25 worth of shirts from a laundry and also for stealing whisky. When called for sentence, Holmes said it was his birthday; that he had spent over six years of his life in the workhouse, and that while in prison he had lost his teeth, his hair and his parents. He was given two years in the workhouse.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. See all druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

THE CLEVER WOMAN.

A Transaction Which Made Her Husband Sorry For the Other Man.

Billings was tall, very tall, with an exquisite crop of red hair, whereas Hoadly was short and corpulent. On the train home the other evening they became involved in an argument over the respective abilities of their wives as marketers.

"Mr. Hoadly," Billings said, "let me assure you, sir, that I fully concur with you regarding the ability of Mrs. Hoadly to market, but, sir, Mrs. Billings displays such remarkable sagacity in her purchases that I have never yet had an occasion to question the advisability of one."

Hoadly's cheeks puffed out for a moment before he replied: "Well, Billings, I would not for the world question such excellent judgment as that of Mrs. Billings, especially when I think of her tasty little dinners, but did I ever tell you of Mrs. Hoadly's experience with a Washington market butcher? I have always thought it the smartest bit of marketing I ever encountered. You remember Porksides, the butcher, who keeps a stall near the lower end of the market?"

"I have heard Mrs. Billings comment upon that person."

"Yes, it was Mrs. Billings that recommended him to Mrs. Hoadly, and this day, wishing to buy some spring chickens, it occurred to her to try Porksides; so she inquired:

"How many spring chickens have you got today, Mr. Porksides?"

"I have just six left of the batch," said he. "There they are, hanging on the hooks."

"Now here is where Mrs. Hoadly excelled in astuteness," and Hoadly's face beamed proudly as he told it.

"I'll take three of them," she said, "but as I keep a boarding house I want you to pick out the three toughest. Possibly you can let me have them a little less."

"Bah!" exclaimed Billings. "You don't call that astuteness, do you?"

"Wait a minute, my dear Billings. Porksides went to work punching those chicks till he had selected the three toughest. Just as he finished in walked your wife, Mrs. Billings."

"After the two ladies had greeted each other my wife turned, and to the utter astonishment of Porksides, totally disregarding the three tough chickens he had selected for her, coolly informed him that she would take the other three. Now, what do you think of that method of securing tender chickens?"

"A smart one, Hoadly. Yes, indeed, quite clever; in fact, almost as clever a thing as Mrs. Billings would do. But then it would be difficult for any butcher to fool her on chickens."

Hoadly had been laughing so hard over his story that it was a moment or two before he realized what Billings had said. When he did, he sadly shook his head and relapsed into thought for a moment.

"Billings," he finally said, "there was only one person in that transaction I felt sorry for."

"Who? Porksides?"

"No, old man, it was you."

"Me! What on earth did I have to do with it?"

"Well, you see, Billings, your wife bought the three tough chickens."

—Harper's Bazar.

My Neighbor Told Me

About Hood's Sarsaparilla and advised me to try it.—This is the kind of advertising which gives Hood's Sarsaparilla the largest sales in the world. Friend tells friend that Hood's Sarsaparilla cures, that it gives strength, health, vitality and vigor, and whole neighborhoods use it as a family medicine.

Hood's Pills act easily and promptly on the liver and bowels. Cure sick headache.

An English writer declares that George IV was the most entirely odious man that ever disgraced the British throne.

Loved the Bottle Before He Had Teeth.

At No. 82 Warwick Ave., Zanesville, O., lives Mrs. R. H. Mills, who relates the following experience: "I have used Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion and find it all that it claims to be. Our little boy cut his teeth so hard that he almost had spasms. Bathing his gums with the Lotion would relieve him immediately. He knew the bottle better than all others and would cry for it. I advise every mother who has teething children to use Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion." At all druggists, 25c.

BIG SULPHUR DEPOSIT.

A Mine in Washington Which Promises to Be a Bonanza.

Mining and agricultural interests of the northwest are much interested in the opening of a sulphur mine 45 miles southeast of Tacoma and 12 miles from Buckley, on the main line of the Northern Pacific railway. The discovery is considered to be most important considering the fact that very little sulphur is produced in this country, while the demand is large and growing rapidly.

The supply now comes chiefly from Sicily, from which island 125,023 tons, valued at \$2,500,000, was imported during 1896.

Two years ago Frank Lowe of Orting was out prospecting in the mountains of Pierce county when he came across some huge boulders of soft, greenish yellow rock. He broke off pieces for analysis, finding that the rock ran 40 per cent in sulphur. A little investigation revealed that if a mine could be developed it would be better than an ordinary gold mine, since the Sicilian sulphur runs only 20 to 35 per cent and then by melting process is brought up to 95 to 99 per cent pure sulphur. The claims taken up by Lowe have since passed into the hands of the White River Sulphur Mining company. A controlling interest has been sold to New York and Philadelphia men, who are now carrying on development work and preparing to begin regular shipments in the early summer.—Chicago Record.

JAPS FIGHTING OPIUM.

They Will Attempt to Stop the Use of It in Formosa.

The Japanese government has issued a law for the control of opium smoking in Formosa, the large island surrendered to it by China. This is in accordance with the policy announced at the outset.

Instead of interdicting the use of the drug altogether, except for medicinal purposes, the authorities sanction its employment by persons judged to be incurably addicted to the habit. Such persons are to receive licenses after medical examination. All business connected with the manufacture and sale of the drug or of apparatus for smoking it is to be limited to license holders.

Penalties in the form of penal servitude and fines, ranging from 1,300 to 5,000 yen (Japanese dollar), are provided for the restraint of unlicensed sale, manufacture, and so forth, and all persons not furnished with licenses are required to deliver up any opium or opium smoking apparatus in their possession.

The government undertakes to pay a proper price for articles thus surrendered and threatens that any failure to hand them over will be punished with imprisonment not exceeding a year or with fines up to 350 yen. It is estimated that over 1,000,000 Chinese in Formosa use opium.—Exchange.

CAUGHT BY THE TIDE.

A Boy Fishes Too Long in One Place and Has a Struggle For Life.

John Murray, who is 14 years old, hired a rowboat on a recent Sunday morning at Thompson's boat house at the foot of Hudson Square park, Hoboken, N. J., and went fishing.

After trying his luck at several spots on the river he rowed up close to the Fourteenth street ferry house and dropped a line there. While he was fishing his boat drifted under the ferry bridge. The tide was rising rapidly, and when he concluded to quit he found that the space between the end of the bridge and the water had decreased so that his boat could not pass out.

He then pushed the boat along under the ferry house and began shouting for help. His cries were not heard, and he then bethought himself of pouping on the floor above him with one of his oars.

Captain Hoffman, assistant superintendent of the ferry, heard the pounding, but at first he was at a loss to know whence it came. Finally he heard Murray shout. He then ordered several planks in the floor of the ferry house torn up, and Murray was pulled through on the pier.—New York Sun.

Swallowed Her Teeth.

Miss Josie Glynn, the 17-year-old daughter of Squire Glynn of Altou, Ind., recently received very serious injuries. The young lady rushed across the doorway to drive some chickens out of her flower beds and was caught in the mouth by a clothes line and thrown backward, her head striking a stone so forcibly as to leave her unconscious for nearly 12 hours. When the young lady was picked up, it was found that she had lost eight teeth, which were torn out by the clothes line, some of which it is feared she swallowed.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

PEOPLE IN GENERAL.

Mme. Nordica recently made her promised reappearance at the Opera in Paris as Elsa in "Lohengrin."

Aroostock, Me., now has a Free Baptist clergywoman, the first, it is believed, in Maine. She was recently ordained.

The Greek General Smolentz is 45 years of age and a graduate of the best military schools. He is considered the most expert artilleryman in the Greek army.

Sarah Bernhardt, who has always had a morbid dread of fire, is attempting to have all her stage dresses made of fire-proof material.

Professor Berkeley, colonial of Gladin university, South Carolina, is a candidate for the consulship at Stuttgart. He speaks German and French fluently.

Mr. Balfour has assigned \$750 of the royal bounty this year to the two surviving daughters of William Carleton, the Irish novelist, who are in poverty.

WHITE LEAD is like a great many other articles offered for sale; some good, some bad. (See list of the brands which are genuine, or good.) They are made by the "old Dutch" process of slow corrosion. Avoid getting the other sort by making sure of the brand.

FREE By using National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Paint you get, any desired shade is readily obtained. Paints of all valuable information and card showing samples of paint, also cards showing pictures of twelve houses of different designs, and various styles of combinations of shades forwarded upon application, intending to paint.

NATIONAL LEAD CO., CINCINNATI BRANCH, Cor. 7th St. and Freeman Ave., Cincinnati, O.

A Short Cut.

"Mr. Priggs is a very ordinary sort of man," remarked the candid observer.

"Undoubtedly," replied Senator Sorghum.

"While Mr. Diggs is exceptionally brainy."

"I believe so."

"And yet Priggs has succeeded and Diggs has failed. How do you account for it?"

"Easily enough," replied Senator Sorghum. "Diggs put in his time trying to learn more than other people, while Priggs devoted himself to convincing them that he already knew it."—Washington Star.

'Tis Midnight!

Hark! All through the house rings the awful sound, once heard never forgotten, the sound of a child's croup cough. There is no time to lose. Croup is a monster that will not be trifled with. Then is the time that if you have neglected to provide yourself with a bottle of Dr. Hand's Cough and Croup Medicine you fully realize how careless and neglectful you have been. It is worth its weight in gold at that critical moment. And yet it costs only 25c a bottle at any drug store.

MAN AND WOMAN.

When you say "No" to a woman, you must follow it with an explanation.

After a man has learned to dislike a woman she can no longer punish him.

When a man is good to his wife, her mother is usually the last person to find it out.

Sometimes a man starts out to be a wolf and discovers that he is really a rabbit.

Baby Weighed 6 Pounds.

When the food given the baby is not digested, it ferments and causes acidity of the stomach. Babies suffering so should be given Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, which will correct this trouble and, by its alternative effect, promote a wholesome digestion and aid the baby to develop and gain strength.

"Mrs. T. Lafay, 237 10th Ave., Council Bluffs, Ia., had a puny baby which only weighed 6 lbs. when three weeks old. She gave him Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup, and in a few weeks the baby weighed 12 lbs. She is very enthusiastic over this remedy. Dr. Bull's Baby Syrup is for sale everywhere for 25 cents. Accept nothing else instead, but see that you get the genuine Dr. John W. Bull's Baby Syrup."

War and Kipling.

Let us hope that the Cretan imbroglia may not be conclusively settled before Mr. Kipling appears on the scene. His correspondence on the subject ought to go far to compensate either the Greek or the Cretans for any inconvenience they may be put to. War is a terrible thing, but to be written about by Mr. Kipling is another story.—St. Paul Pioneer Press.

Rev. Wm. Stout, Wiarnton, Ont., was completely cured of scrofula after seventeen physicians had failed to give him relief. Burdock Blood Bitters did it.

Consumption Cured.

BROUGHT BACK FROM THE GRAVE. Last November Mr. Joseph James, painter, of 325 W. Pearl St., Indianapolis, Ind., was at death's door with quick consumption. Wasted to a skeleton; his lungs a mass of ulceration; his death was hourly awaited by his doctor and family. He was kept in a constant stupor with opium. A friend, thinking to relieve his terrible cough, gave him a bottle of Brazilian Balm. Seeing its wonderful effect, the doctor advised its continued use. Mr. James soon after dismissed his doctor, and depended on the Balm alone. His recovery was rapid and complete, and in February he returned to work. His lungs are sound, and his weight greater than at any time in his life. His recovery is regarded as almost a miracle.

COMMA BACILLUS. In consumption beware of cough mixtures and prescriptions that contain opium. Opium paralyzes the nerves, and gives the comma bacillus a good chance to destroy the lungs. It is always fatal. Brazilian Balm does not contain a trace of any opiate, but stimulates the nerves with new life and power, destroys the microbe, and restores all that is left of the diseased lungs to a sound and healthy state which no other remedy has ever been known to accomplish.

Legal Notice.

Elias Webb, whose place of residence is unknown, will take notice that on the 12th day of April, A. D. 1897, Jesse Webb filed his petition in the Probate Court of Allen county, Ohio, being cause number 561, praying for a divorce from said Elias Webb, on the ground of gross neglect of duty, and for such relief as is proper, and that said cause will be for hearing on and after six weeks notice. JAMES W. WASH, Plaintiff. Lima, Ohio, April 12th, 1897. By Copeland & Rogers, her attorneys. 20-64-19

Notice of Appointment.

Estate of John H. Barton, deceased. The undersigned has been appointed and qualified as executor of the estate of John H. Barton, late of Allen county, Ohio, deceased. Dated this 8th day of May, A. D. 1897. 5-12 5wks DAVID F. ROGERS, Executor.

Manhood Restored.

DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT. THE ORIGINAL. ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS. Sold under positive Written Guarantee. Authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quins, Night Sweats, Evil Dreams, Loss of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail. At a box, six for \$5, with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing three days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One for \$5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail. BEFORE or by mail. Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice Cor., Lima.

KEEP HEALTHY

And Use the **KELLY SHOWER BATH RING AND Hot Water Proof Hose.** Prevents Wetting the Head and Floor.

\$2 EXPRESS 25c. AD. Agents wanted in every city who can purchase for, lots or more. Send for catalogue. Frost Proof Water Closets, Self Acting Water Closets, Kelley Stop and Water Cook.

THOS. KELLY & BROS., 209 Madison Street, Chicago.

Monarch Polish Preserves the New Restores the Old. For sale by James O'Connor, dealer in all kinds of Furniture and Bicycles, 600-601 North Main Street, Lima, Ohio.

The Rosy Freshness And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Poxon's Complexion Powder.

Have You Kidney Trouble? A 50c. trial bottle of Foley's Kidney Cure will prevent serious results from this fatal disease. H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

The fat undertaker. Who plums the mere. Poor victims of cough and cold, Is sighing and crying. For relief all stopped dying. Since Brazilian Balm was sold. And for those who desire Not just yet to go high. It is worth its weight in gold.

Homesteaders' Excursions. You can find out all about them by applying to nearest ticket agent of the Pennsylvania Lines or by addressing O. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

REASONS FOR USING

Walter Baker & Co.'s
Breakfast Cocoa.

1. Because it is absolutely pure.
2. Because it is not made by the so-called Dutch process in which chemicals are used.
3. Because it is made by a method which preserves unimpaired the exquisite natural flavor and odor of the beans.
4. Because it is the most economical, costing less than one cent a cup.

Be sure that you get the genuine article made by WALTER BAKER & CO. Ltd., Dorchester, Mass. Established 1780.

FRIGHTENED HORSE

Ran Away and Created Great Excitement on Main Street.

A horse that was hitched to a buggy and driven by Billy Fitzmorris, became frightened this morning at the corner of Market street and the square, and started on a mad run toward the Mitchell bank. The horse ran up onto the pavement and was headed for Main street. It was running wildly. The driver saw he could not control him, feared danger and jumped from the buggy. At the northeast corner of the square the vehicle ran against a lamp post, striking between the wheel and the shaft, and the sudden stop caused the harness to break. The horse was freed and ran madly up Main street, creating considerable excitement. Fortunately no one was injured.

ANNUAL CONVENTION

Of Congregational Missionary Societies to be Held This Week.

The annual convention of the Congregational Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Societies for the Toledo district will be held in this city on Wednesday afternoon and evening and Thursday forenoon of this week.

On Wednesday evening there will be addresses by Mrs. Cole, of Hittite, Turkey, and Miss Marie Reifinger, of Cleveland. Special music is being prepared by Mrs. E. F. Davis. A cordial invitation is extended to the members of other churches and all interested in missionary work to attend these sessions.

A PRETTY RESORT.

Winona Assembly Grounds, Eagle Lake, Ind., on Pennsylvania Lines.

A sojourn at Winona Assembly grounds at Eagle Lake, Ind., near Warsaw, on the Fort Wayne Route, will prove a pleasant outing. This delightful resort is the sight of the youngest of the Chautauque assemblies, and its attractions combine facilities for recreation, entertainment, instruction and devotion.

Eagle Lake is a beautiful sheet of water, surrounded by several hundred acres of romantic woodland which covers one stretch of nearly two miles. The lake affords opportunity for aquatic pastimes, the boating, bathing and fishing being excellent. In addition to numerous rowboats there are several pleasure steamers on the lake.

The shady grounds are occupied by many pretty cottages and summer homes of persons who annually enjoy the beauties of the place, strengthening body in the invigorating atmosphere, and enriching the mind by the special advantages the summer school offers.

A fine park has been laid out on the shore of the lake. A large auditorium, amphitheatre, college halls, hotels and restaurant, have also been constructed on the grounds for the accommodation of visitors. There is also a race track, and space set aside for outdoor athletic sports.

In addition to the Presbyterian General Assembly, which will be in session on the Assembly Grounds from May 20th to June 2nd, a number of other large meetings will be held on the grounds during the summer of 1897, including the Indiana State Sunday School Convention, Western Association of Writers, Indiana State W. C. T. U., Indiana Y. M. C. A. Encampment, National Medical Society, Boys' Brigade, and Indiana State Christian Endeavor Convention.

Excursion tickets to Eagle Lake will be on sale via Pennsylvania Lines during the summer season. Details regarding rates, time of trains, etc., may be ascertained by addressing the nearest Passenger or Ticket Agent of the Pennsylvania Lines, or by applying to F. Van Dusen, Chief Assistant General Passenger Agent, Pittsburgh, Pa. Full information concerning the Assembly and Summer School, cost of entertainment, etc., may be secured upon application to Secretary Sol. C. Dickey, Eagle Lake, Ind.

Mitchell's Meetings.

Large audiences are in regular attendance at evangelist Mitchell's meetings. Each service is being signalized by additions to the church. The church has more than doubled its membership, and steps will be taken in the near future to erect a handsome church building on the south side. To-night Mr. Mitchell will preach on "Tired of Sin," Everybody invited.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples, chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and verminifer.

A Japanese tailor makes the lining to a garment first and cuts the cloth from it as a pattern.

CASTORIA.

No need to fear the approach of croup if you have Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil in the house. Never was a case that it wouldn't cure it used at the outset.

WASTED DOLLARS.

Over Four Hundred Given to Doctors—Only Five Exchanged for

Dr. WHEELER'S NERVE VITALIZER

Millions of dollars are spent every year for the treatment of human ills. Unfortunately a large portion of the people who make this expenditure receive little or no benefit. Such a waste of money seems wholly unnecessary since the introduction of the now world-famed health renewer, Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer. You who have been wasting your money may be interested in reading the following letter from Washington, Swallow, Ridgeway, Ohio: "During a year and a half I paid over \$400 to the best physicians of Kenton and Big Springs without receiving any benefit. In fact they were unable to say what my trouble was. I had almost unbearable pains in my stomach, head and spine, besides nervous chills, which seemed to freeze the small of my back. No appetite; what I did eat was not properly digested, consequently I was thin. I gave up the doctors and tried several kinds of patent medicines, which did me no good. I fortunately had Dr. Wheeler's Nerve Vitalizer recommended by Mr. Tinsworth, who had seen remarkable results from it. In my case it had a wonderful effect. I seemed to be just the right thing for my trouble. I continued to use it until five bottles were used and I was a perfectly well man. I do not believe I would be alive today if I had not used this great medicine."

Sold by C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

Retrenchment Urged.

Toledo, Ind., May 18.—At the afternoon session of the United Brethren conference a resolution was adopted urging retrenchment wherever possible. The committee on state of the church in its report reviewed the work done and spoke hopefully of the future. The committee on education recommended a number of changes in the discipline, but the report was not discussed. Four active bishops and one meritorius were recommended at \$1,800 and expenses.

Iron and Steel Workers.

Detroit, May 18.—Some 150 delegates representing upward of 50,000 iron and steel workers, assembled here in the annual convention of the Amalgamated Association of Iron and Steel Workers. The convention will be at work several days arranging the wage schedule, the basis being the report completed by the wage committee in Pittsburgh last week. It seems certain that a material advance over present rates will be adopted and submitted to the mill owners.

An Extenuating Circumstance.

"You are accused, madam, of throwing a pail of water on the complainant. What have you to say?" "I plead extenuating circumstances, your honor."

One Hundred Doses One Dollar is

peculiar to and true only of Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is economy to buy Hood's.

Mother Sues Daughter.

Suit was filed recently in the Pettis county circuit court in Missouri by Mrs. Barbara A. Card against her daughter, Mrs. Susan A. Arnold, and the latter's husband, William Arnold. Plaintiff alleges that several months ago she set fire to a house belonging to Edward Imhauser, burning it to the ground. The building was a rendezvous for tramps, and plaintiff alleges that she did not know that she had committed a crime. Arnold and her daughter informed her that unless she made over to them certain property she would be prosecuted for arson. She claims that under these circumstances she was induced to make a transfer of 35 acres of her land.—Exchange.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

A Warm Friend. Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure is very hot, but when diluted it is a warm friend indeed to those suffering from bowel complaints. It never fails. 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North street.

His Earthly Effects. "Well, Uncle Jim," said the lawyer, "the doctor says there's no hope for you."

"Yes, sah. Dey tells me I gwine ter cross over."

"Have you made your will?" "Yes, sah. I done will ter go."

"I mean," said the lawyer in an explanatory way, "have you got anything to leave?"

"Oh, yes, sah!" exclaimed the old man joyfully. "One wife en de ricemationism."—Atlanta Constitution.

For West Virginia—Fair; slightly warmer; southerly winds.

For Ohio—Partly cloudy weather, possibly showers near the lakes; warmer; southwesterly winds.

For Indiana—Fair; slightly warmer; variable winds, becoming southerly.

THEIR FACES BATTERED.

Attorneys Come to Blows in Court Over a Saloon Case.

Findlay, O., May 18.—Hon. Albert Zuehlweg, a prominent attorney and politician, and Attorney John E. Betts, who were opposing counsel, had their faces somewhat disfigured by blows given by Attorney Will David and David Guncheon, respectively.

The case in which the attorneys are interested is one in which C. S. Marshall and D. E. Banker, Columbus attorneys, sue M. Elbeiman and E. H. Hubbel, Findlay saloonists, for \$2,000 damages.

David Guncheon, in the mayor's court, waived examination on a charge of assault and battery preferred by Attorney John E. Betts, and was bound over to court in the sum of \$250.

Bank President Indicted. St. Paul, May 18.—Another sensational indictment in the bank cases was reported by the grand jury. The Allemania National bank was among those which failed during the past winter, into whose affairs the grand jury has been looking and this indictment was for grand larceny against Albert Scheffer, president of that bank. The ground for the charge is an overdraft on his personal account to the amount of \$6,475. Scheffer has for several years been prominent in politics in the northwest.

Banks Are Crumbling. New Orleans, May 18.—While the river is still stationary, danger from its fall is already becoming apparent, the banks in the Fifth district beginning to crumble as the waters recede. The alarm has been sounded and watchfulness will be exercised on all the levee lines. Weather conditions are very favorable.

Hakluyt's Zeal. The great work of Hakluyt is the "Principal Navigations," in three folio volumes, a monument of useful labor. Nothing could stop or daunt him when there was a chance of obtaining new information. He rode 200 miles to have an interview with the last survivor of Master Hore's expedition to America in 1536. He saved numerous journals and narratives from destruction and he gave a stimulus to colonial and maritime enterprise, and it inspired our literature. Shakespeare owed much to Hakluyt's "Principal Navigations."

Milton owed much more. As the years passed on Richard Hakluyt, in his own quaint language, continued "to wade still further and further in the sweet study of the historie of cosmographie," and he achieved his great task, which was, in his own words, "to incorporate into one body the torn and scattered limbs of our ancient and late navigations by sea." He declared geography and chronology to be the sun and moon, the right eye and the left of all history.—Geographical Journal.

A Dandelion. On one wan, wintry day I found on the south side of the tower a dandelion—a little bit of God's sunshine, only a dandelion—"a nawsty weed," as an English woman once told me. "Nawsty weed!" Why, the very heart of the sunlight is gathered into its golden petals. Do you wonder that I kissed the little flower nesting at the tower's base that midwinter day as I stopped and plucked it for my boutonniere? Perfect of its kind, as all God's works. What he begins he finishes. Did you ever see anything of his making unfinished? The leaf of the rose, the sting of the bee, the bird's feather—each is complete, perfect.—Henry C. McCook.

Great Triumph. Instant relief and a permanent cure by the great remedy, Otto's Cure for Lung and Throat diseases. Why will you irritate your throat and lungs with a hacking cough when Wm. M. Melville, sole agent, will furnish you a free sample bottle of this great guaranteed remedy? Sample free. Large bottles 50c and 25c.

If You Contemplate purchasing an iron fence or lawn set write to the Crandall Fence and Iron Co., Sandusky, Ohio. They guarantee work to be first-class.

Her Dowry. It is said that a queen's counsel once gave as a dowry to his daughter, who married a young barrister, his briefs and interest in a chancery suit, which he himself had inherited from his father.

From Sire to Son. As a family medicine Bacon's Celery King for the Nerves passes from sire to son as a legacy. If you have Kidney, Liver or Blood disorder get a free sample package of this remedy. If you have Indigestion, Constipation, Headache, Rheumatism, etc., this specific will cure you. Wm. M. Melville, the leading druggist, is distributing samples free. Large packages 50c and 25c.

Fighting at the Break. Sweet Thing—I had a proposal last night.

Dearest Girl—So you are to be married!—Detroit Free Press.

CASTORIA.

A Household Necessity. No family should be without Foley's Diarrhoea and Colic Cure. Perfectly safe and will give instant relief. Price 25c. and 50c. H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North street.

BLEEDING PILES

And all other forms of this common and often dangerous disease readily cured without pain or inconvenience.

Thousands of men and women are afflicted with some sort of piles, without either knowing the exact nature of the trouble, or knowing it, are careless enough to allow it to run without taking the simple means offered for a radical cure.

The failure of salves and ointments to permanently cure piles has led many to believe the only cure to be a surgical operation.

Surgical operations are dangerous to life, and moreover, often not entirely successful and at this time are no longer used by the best physicians or recommended by them.

The safest and surest way to cure any case of piles, whether blind, bleeding or protruding, is to use the Pyramid Pile Cure, composed of healing vegetable oils, and absolutely free from mineral poisons and opiates. The following letter from a Pittsburgh gentleman, a severe sufferer from bleeding piles, gives some idea of the prompt, efficient character of this pile cure. He writes:

I take pleasure writing these few lines to let you know that I did not sleep for three months, except for a short time each night, because of a bad case of bleeding piles. I was down in bed and the doctors did me no good. A good brother told me of the Pyramid Pile Cure and I bought from my druggist three fifty cent boxes. They cured me and I will soon be able to go to my work again. WILLIAM HANSCHE, 46 St. Cotton Alley, below Butler St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Pyramid Pile Cure is not only the safest and surest remedy for piles, but is the best known and most popular. Every physician and druggist in the country knows it and what it will do.

Send for little book on cause and cure of piles, describing all forms of piles and the proper treatment.

The Pyramid can be found at all drug stores at 50 cents per package.



Excursions via O. H. & D. R. R. Co.

Columbus and Return. Via O. H. & D. Ry. May start, only \$2.00 for the round trip. Tickets good to return the 22nd.

Excursion to Chillicothe. Agents of the O. H. & D. Railway in Ohio will sell tickets to Chillicothe and return, on account of the annual encampment G. A. R. Department of Ohio. Good going June 14, 15 and 16; good returning until June 30; at 10c per mile for the round trip, short line distance.

The O. H. & D. Railway is now making very low rates to Nashville, Tenn., on account of the great exposition. Tickets good until November 1st, to return, \$16.40; tickets good to return 30 days from date, \$13.50; tickets on sale every Tuesday and Thursday, good to return 90 days from date, \$5.00.

C. H. & D. Ry. Excursion to Columbus. On account of High School Day, Ohio State University, agents of the O. H. & D. Ry. within 100 miles of Columbus, will sell tickets to Columbus and return at one fare for the round trip on May 21st, good returning up to and including May 22nd.

Are You Going to Travel This Summer? If you have decided in the affirmative and wish to gather a comprehensive idea of the very best summer resorts in the northern United States, the great lake region and Canada, you can obtain satisfactory information by sending to us in postage stamp to Mr. D. C. Edwards, Passenger Traffic Manager, O. H. & D. Ry., Cincinnati, Ohio, who will return, upon receipt of a copy of "A Michigan Sojourn," containing also full information about the summer resorts of the great north. The intelligent traveler will appreciate this. The O. H. & D. Ry. have also under preparation another series of books for the coming summer.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other western resorts at very low rates. Sunday rate on the O. H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points. H. J. McGowan, Ticket Agent.

EXCURSIONS TO NASHVILLE. Low Rates for Tennessee Centennial. The Tennessee Centennial and International Exposition will be in progress at Nashville, Tenn., from May until October inclusive. Special low rate round trip tickets will be sold via Pennsylvania Lines for this event. Full particulars concerning fare, dates of sale, time of trains, etc., may be obtained upon application to nearest Pennsylvania line ticket agent, or by addressing C. L. KIMBALL, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O.

A Mystery Explained. There was a social gathering at the Charlie mansion, and one of the features of the evening was a kissing game. When it came time for Jennie Charlie's cousin to kiss her, he refused. "Why don't he kiss her?" asked somebody.

"I know why he don't kiss her," exclaimed Johnnie. "He kissed her already three times in the hall. I saw him."—New York World.

"Be regular and punctual in all things" was one of the old maxims, taught long ago. The last is not forgotten, but the first is scarce remembered, so irregular is the life of most people nowadays. The only corrector of this evil is Simmons Liver Regulator, which keeps the liver active and prevents the ill of irregular living: Dyspepsia, Biliousness, Constipation, etc. It also cures these troubles.

The Price is Down. Everybody admits that the Times Democrat job rooms do the best work in the city. In fact it is the only place in Lima where a nice, clean, well printed piece of printing can be done. We employ good workmen and use good stock. And our prices are less than for the shop-shop work done elsewhere.

LOCAL TIME CARD

giving time of departure of trains from the various depots at Lima, corrected May 22, 1897.

P. M. W. & O. R. R.

Go. 4—Going East, daily, 7:45 a.m.

Go. 5—Going East, daily, 8:15 a.m.

Go. 6—Going East, daily, 8:45 a.m.

Go. 7—Going East, daily, 9:15 a.m.

Go. 8—Going East, daily, 9:45 a.m.

Go. 9—Going East, daily, 10:15 a.m.

Go. 10—Going East, daily, 10:45 a.m.

Go. 11—Going East, daily, 11:15 a.m.

Go. 12—Going East, daily, 11:45 a.m.

Go. 13—Going East, daily, 12:15 p.m.

Go. 14—Going East, daily, 12:45 p.m.

Go. 15—Going East, daily, 1:15 p.m.

Go. 16—Going East, daily, 1:45 p.m.

Go. 17—Going East, daily, 2:15 p.m.

Go. 18—Going East, daily, 2:45 p.m.

Go. 19—Going East, daily, 3:15 p.m.

Go. 20—Going East, daily, 3:45 p.m.

Go. 21—Going East, daily, 4:15 p.m.

Go. 22—Going East, daily, 4:45 p.m.

Go. 23—Going East, daily, 5:15 p.m.

Go. 24—Going East, daily, 5:45 p.m.

Go. 25—Going East, daily, 6:15 p.m.

Go. 26—Going East, daily, 6:45 p.m.

Go. 27—Going East, daily, 7:15 p.m.

Go. 28—Going East, daily, 7:45 p.m.

Go. 29—Going East, daily, 8:15 p.m.

Go. 30—Going East, daily, 8:45 p.m.

Go. 31—Going East, daily, 9:15 p.m.

Go. 32—Going East, daily, 9:45 p.m.

Go. 33—Going East, daily, 10:15 p.m.

Go. 34—Going East, daily, 10:45 p.m.

Go. 35—Going East, daily, 11:15 p.m.

Go. 36—Going East, daily, 11:45 p.m.

Go. 37—Going East, daily, 12:15 a.m.

Go. 38—Going East, daily, 12:45 a.m.

Go. 39—Going East, daily, 1:15 a.m.

Go. 40—Going East, daily, 1:45 a.m.

Go. 41—Going East, daily, 2:15 a.m.

Go. 42—Going East, daily, 2:45 a.m.

Go. 43—Going East, daily, 3:15 a.m.

Go. 44—Going East, daily, 3:45 a.m.

Go. 45—Going East, daily, 4:15 a.m.

Go. 46—Going East, daily, 4:45 a.m.

Go. 47—Going East, daily, 5:15 a.m.

Go. 48—Going East, daily, 5:45 a.m.

Go. 49—Going East, daily, 6:15 a.m.

Go. 50—Going East, daily, 6:45 a.m.

Go. 51—Going East, daily, 7:15 a.m.

Go. 52—Going East, daily, 7:45 a.m.

Go. 53—Going East, daily, 8:15 a.m.

Go. 54—Going East, daily, 8:45 a.m.

Go. 55—Going East, daily, 9:15 a.m.

Go. 56—Going East, daily, 9:45 a.m.

Go. 57—Going East, daily, 10:15 a.m.

Go. 58—Going East, daily, 10:45 a.m.

Go. 59—Going East, daily, 11:15 a.m.

Go. 60—Going East, daily, 11:45 a.m.

Go. 61—Going East, daily, 12:15 p.m.

Go. 62—Going East, daily, 12:45 p.m.

Go. 63—Going East, daily, 1:15 p.m.

Go. 64—Going East, daily, 1:45 p.m.

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Go. 66—Going East, daily, 2:45 p.m.

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Go. 68—Going East, daily, 3:45 p.m.

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Go. 70—Going East, daily, 4:45 p.m.

Go. 71—Going East, daily, 5:15 p.m.

Go. 72—Going East, daily, 5:45 p.m.

Go. 73—Going East, daily, 6:15 p.m.

Go. 74—Going East, daily, 6:45 p.m.

Go. 75—Going East, daily, 7:15 p.m.

Go. 76—Going East, daily, 7:45 p.m.

Go. 77—Going East, daily, 8:15 p.m.

Go. 78—Going East, daily, 8:45 p.m.

Go. 79—Going East, daily, 9:15 p.m.

Go. 80—Going East, daily, 9:45 p.m.

Go. 81—Going East, daily, 10:15 p.m.

Go. 82—Going East, daily, 10:45 p.m.

Go

It Takes Three

Dollars and ninety-eight cents, in this store, to buy a boy's long pants suit that is strictly all wool. We sell long pants suits at \$1.98, but they are not all wool. They are good suits, however, for the money, and BETTER than other stores sell for all wool at two to three dollars more price. Three dollars and ninety-eight cents is a very reasonable price to pay for a long pants suit that is all wool, well made up, and made from a fabric that will give good wear. You can see lots of suits around town that are sold for all wool at six dollars and even six-fifty that will not wear or hold their shape as well as our three ninety-eight suits, and lots of people will buy them BECAUSE THEY DIDN'T SEE OURS. It pays to look around. We ask for nothing better than that you go into every store and look at every suit and then buy where you can do the best. If mothers would do that we wouldn't have Boys' Suits enough to go around, and yet we carry right smart of them. From \$1.98 to \$9.98 our line of Boys' Long Pants Suits is larger, handsomer, better—better to look at and better to wear—than you have any idea of, if you haven't been in. When will you be in?

THE LIMA CLOTHING CO.,
NORTH MAIN STREET.

The Lima Times-Democrat

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN LIMA
Postage Prepaid Anywhere in United States.

OFFICE—TIMES BUILDING,
No. 121 North Main Street, Lima, O.
TELEPHONE CALL, NO. 84.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'S. CO.

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered to your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance \$1.00
Six months, in advance .50
By carrier, per week .10 cents

Subscription collections made weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every portion of Allen county. The LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read by every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing circulation attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 32 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the country. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.
All foreign subscription must be paid in advance.

Subscriptions not paid in advance will be charged for at the rate of \$1.50 per year. Address all communications to
TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL. CO.
LIMA, OHIO.

Take a Short cut to prosperity



by advertising in the
TIMES-DEMOCRAT

DEMOCRATIC SENATORIAL CONVENTION.

Democrats of the 32nd Senatorial District of Ohio will meet in convention at Delphos, O., Wednesday, May 26th, 1897, at 10 a. m., to nominate two candidates for State Senators.

The committee apportioned the delegates on the basis of one delegate for each 100 votes and one delegate for each fraction of 50 or more votes cast for Hon. W. J. Bryan.

Under this apportionment the several counties are entitled to the following number of delegates:

Allen..... 10
Auglaize..... 10
Delaware..... 10
Mercer..... 10
Sandusky..... 10
Van Wert..... 10
Williams..... 10
Total..... 70

J. A. ARNSTADT, Chairman.
H. W. ADAMS, Secretary.

Now that Fitzsimmons is charged with having won the Carson City fight with a foul blow, it leaves tarnished his claim to the championship of the world, and Corbett's admirers are demanding another fight to determine which is really the superior handier of his fists.

Sugar refining is one industry which certainly is not in need of governmental protection. It is controlled by such an aggregation of wealth and business power, that the only protection called for is the kind which will protect the people from the unfair exactions of the sugar company. That can be done by making an open field.

This country exported \$62,574,004 of goods to Canada last year, and imported \$37,353,317. This neighborly trade has grown to fair proportions under the Wilson tariff law, but the majority of the people last fall voted against encouraging foreign commerce, and the Dingley protection wall will shortly checkmate the abominable traffic across the border.

Experience has shown that no tariff bill levying taxes for private purposes can be constructed by any committee without the committee being held up by selfish interests that threaten to smash things if they are not appeased. Under such circumstances the fight degenerates into a free-for-all, in which the strongest highwaymen get the biggest prizes.—*Courier-Journal.*

The Sultan of Turkey demands from the Grecian government an indemnity of 16,000,000 pounds. The European powers who were behind the Turks in the brief and unequal contest in order that they might each reap benefit from it should furnish the money with which this indemnity is paid. All the powers interested gain, excepting alone the little kingdom of Greece, which lost not only treasure but many of her valiant sons.

Now that John Wannamaker has expressed his honest, calm opinion, as a shrewd business man, upon the failure of the McKinley administration to ameliorate the condition of business by adherence to the gold bug vagaries, the jay Republican newspapers accuse him of being actuated by feelings of vengeance because he was not elected to the senate from Pennsylvania. The Cincinnati Times-Star says of his present attitude:

There seems to be ample ground for the opinion that John Wannamaker would not now appear in the role of a calamity howler if he had not lost his scalp in the senatorial fight at Harrisburg a few months ago.

When Wannamaker was engaged in trying out grease to help elect the Republican ticket, and when he donated \$100,000 to the party's fund in one campaign, he was considered a good Republican, but now when he sees that his party is in error, and that its course will make us a nation of bankrupts, these puny newspapers

would read him out of the party. They assume that a man must not think for himself, but must obey the crack of the party whip. However, there are thousands upon thousands of Republicans who now see the error of their course in 1896 who will this year vote to redeem the country from the ruinous rule of the gold sharks, and all the chattering of hide-bound newspapers will not deter them from their intention.

The New York Herald has made a poll of the United States Senate and it shows that sixty-two senators will vote against the sugar schedule of the tariff bill as framed by the finance committee of the senate, and which the whole country now knows was dictated by the sugar trust after the Dingley bill had passed the house. A number of senators who are now absent from Washington will also vote to knock out the work of the trust and agents, and it is estimated that the majority against the sugar schedule will be between 12 and 15. The feeling in congress against the trust is growing stronger, owing to the arrogance and effrontery it has displayed in its attempts to control legislation in its own interest, and there is every reason now to believe that for the first time since its organization the trust will be unable to have included in the tariff bill a sugar schedule of its own making.

Because Greece defied their demands that she evacuate Crete, the Powers let the Turks loose upon Thessaly. Whom will the Powers set upon the Sultan because of his defiance of their demands for a truce? The biggest of the six bullies of Europe seems disposed to make common cause with the Sultan; for the sinister hints that it would be impracticable to drive the Turks out of Thessaly proceed from St. Petersburg. It is the policy of Russia to deprive the nations of the Balkans of any rallying point unless it be under the banner of Pan-Slavism. The Western Powers seem slow to realize the fact that in crushing Pan-Hellenistic aspirations they have destroyed the one force capable of ultimately and finally defeating the Muscovites in their desire to plant themselves astride the Hellespont.

The Celina Standard in its last edition publishes the full text of Judge Richie's decision in the State of Ohio against ex-auditors Tou Velle and Snyder, of Mercer county. In prefacing the decision the Standard says:

On the 2nd day of January last, three suits were brought in the name of the state against ex auditor T. G. Tou Velle, and two against auditor Seth S. Snyder, to recover back money alleged to have been unlawfully received as compensation for services performed as county auditor. The defendants filed answers, and the state motions and demurrers to these answers. Judge Mooney requested Judge Richie to try these cases, and on the 30th ult, the state presented these motions and demurrers to Hon. John E. Richie. On the 14th inst

said judge rendered his decision in the five cases upon the motions and demurrers. The decision is remarkable for its clearness and the thorough mastery of the legal principles involved in the cases evinced by it.

It completely exonerates Mr. Tou Velle and Mr. Snyder of the charge that has been made that they received any moneys unlawfully from the county treasurer. These gentlemen have been faithful officers, and among the most highly respected and worthy citizens of Mercer county, and it will be a matter of much gratification to their many friends to learn that a judge of the high standing of Hon John E. Richie finds no cause of complaint against them.

BURGULARS

Go Through Two Offices in the Metropolitan Block.

Yesterday morning when coroner Stueber and attorney Henderson opened their respective offices in the Metropolitan block, they found that they had been visited by burglars during Sunday night. A glass was broken by the prowlers in gaining an entrance to Mr. Henderson's office, and at Dr. Stueber's office they crawled through a transom and left a step ladder standing against the door.

Nothing of any great value was taken from either office.

THE MEDICAL SOCIETY

Will Hold a Reception and Banquet this Evening.

The Allen County Medical Society, with their wives and lady friends, will hold a reception and banquet at the Lima House this evening. The time from 8:30 p. m. to 9 p. m. will be spent in a social way. At 9 o'clock the party will be ushered to the dining hall, where a sumptuous banquet will be served, after which the following toasts will be called by the toastmaster, Dr. J. B. Vail:

The Medical Profession of Lima..... Dr. F. G. Stueber
The Ex-Medical Man..... Dr. S. A. Baxter
Reminiscences of Pioneer Days..... H. H. Hopper
Bachelor Doctors..... Dr. E. E. McCall
The Doctor in Politics..... Dr. E. G. Burton
Suggestions for Improvement..... Dr. S. B. Hiner
Medical History..... Dr. Shelby Munnaugh
The Physician's Wife..... Dr. D. E. Masterson
Toastmaster..... Dr. J. B. Vail

STREET CARS COLLIDE

Passengers Given a Shaking Up on West Market Street.

Late yesterday afternoon a rear end collision occurred on west Market street, near Baxter, between two street cars with trailers attached. The cars were crowded with passengers who had been attending the funeral of Mrs. Reel, and when the crash came they were badly shaken up and many of them jumped off into the street. Mrs. John Burgoyne and Mrs. Jos. Heffner sustained severe bruises, but were not seriously injured. The ends of the cars were caved in.

Carpets are cheaper now than they will be and cheaper here than elsewhere.
Carroll & Cooney.

To the Public.

The regular manuscript work of the pupils of the Lima public schools, in a few of the branches taught, will be on exhibition at the rooms of the Y. M. C. A. from Wednesday, May 19th, 1 p. m., to Thursday, May 20th, 9 p. m. The general public is invited to call and examine this work. You are not only welcome, but urged to come. Very respectfully,
O. C. MILLER,
Superintendent Public Schools.

Musical To-morrow Evening.

The ladies of Trinity church will give a musical Wednesday evening, May 19th, at the residence of Mrs. Townsend, west Market street. It promises to be the most interesting event of the season.

BICYCLES AT BARGAINS.

One '96 Columbia, new Hartford tires, \$60.
One '96 Columbia, new Hartford tires, \$45.
One '96 Victor, Victor tires, \$45.
Two '96 Hartfords, good as new, \$30.
One '96 Majestic, new G and J tires, \$30.
One '95 Eagle, new tires, \$15.
Lima Cycle Supply Co.

To Lima Business Men.

A proposition has been made to hold the annual Dunkard's meeting in Lima. It would bring many thousands of people here for several days. A meeting will be held in the mayor's office at 2 o'clock Wednesday afternoon, to consider the matter. Let all who feel any interest be present.
S. A. BAXTER, Mayor.

The Yale. Have you seen it? Up-to-date all over We sell it at \$65.
Lima Cycle Supply Co.

"Sweet Lavender."

Seats are rapidly disappearing. You cannot afford to be absent. Buy early.

TWO BRANCHES IN OPTICS

YOUTH.

The greater percent of poor vision in young people is inherited. Consequently large numbers go for years without realizing their defect.

AGE.

The greater percent of poor vision in people over 40 years of age is caused from failure in muscular exertion which comes so slowly you hardly realize.



It costs you nothing to consult us. We can do you good.

MACDONALD & CO.,

147 NORTH MAIN.

BUY A LOT AND BUILD A HOME!

Why pay rent when you can buy a fine lot in Seinsheimer's addition of Clifton, on the following easy payments:

Only \$10 cash and \$5 per month until paid for, without interest. Choice Lots in this addition from \$75 to \$300. This is a rare opportunity to get a home that will soon double in value.

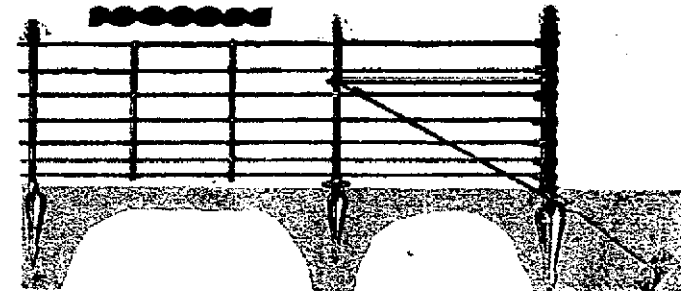
For Maps and Full Particulars Call on

C. H. FOLSOM,

Real Estate Broker. Holmes Block

WHAT IS HOME

Without a nice fence around it?



If you want any kind of

Iron Picket, Woven Wire or Tubular Lawn Fencing

Or Steel Post and Wire Farm Fencing.

Call on

W. ROCKEY,

Who Sells and Erects the Finest Fences.

N. E. Corner Public Square, Opp. Sontag's Cigar Store.
Lima, O. P. O. Box 103.

This Is The Big Show Advertised!

Attention

HUMMEL, HAMILTON & SELL'S'

THREE BIG SHOWS!

UNITED.

Never half so big, never half so attractive as for the season of 1897.

World's Menagerie, Paris Hippodrome, Museum of Wonders and Trained Wild Beast Exhibit!

Equine and Canine Carnival!

SEE

The Grand Free Balloon Ascension and Parachute Leap; also the World's Greatest High Diver From a Patent Water Tower 100 Feet High.

LIMA,
2 DAYS.
MAY 27 & 28.

LIMA
STOCK AND GRAIN EXCHANGE.

MILT REED, Mgr.

ROOMS 14 AND 15, METROPOLITAN BLDG. TEL. 393.

Stocks, Grain and Provisions! . . .

Private wires to members Chicago Board of Trade and New York Exchanges.

Wheat bought and sold on a 1c to 5c margin

MONEY TO LOAN!

On City Property.

I can make loans on good business property and the better class of residence property, at lowest rate of interest ever offered in Lima, 5 to 6 per cent. Prompt service! No delays! Be sure and get my terms when you want a loan.
T. K. WILKINS 9-10 Opera Block

A LOCAL DISEASE.

CLIMATIC AFFECTION.

Nothing but a local remedy or change of climate will cure it. Get a well known pharmaceutical remedy.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

It is quickly absorbed. Gives relief at once. Opens and cleanses the Nasal Passages.

Alleviates Inflammation. Relieves and protects the Membrane. Restores the Sense of Taste and Smell. No Cocaine No Mercury. No Injurious drugs. Full size 50c. Trial size 25c at drug stores or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 61 Warren St., New York.

Oil Men!

"HOW TO SAVE TIME ON DRILLING WELLS!"

You must know there is a big loss of Power from your belts slipping. Well, we can stop that and so can you. If you will use GREEN SEAL BELT DRESSING on your belts.

Read what those drillers say:

INDIANAPOLIS, IND., Feb. 20, 1897.
Your Dressing is just the thing; it covers wear on machinery, and with it we can run a belt that would tear in two if we had to make it tight enough to hold without the Dressing. It is not a good thing for belt manufacturers, but it is a "DAISY" for the users of belts. Besides we have no slipping now.

Yours,

GILCHRIST & GOLDNICH.

We send it out on trial and guarantee it to do all we claim for it.

Write us for a can of it.

PHENIX OIL CO.,

Quincy Block. - - - Cleveland, Ohio

ICE!

Having been favored with your patronage during past seasons, permit us to return you our thanks for the same. Our ICE for the coming season is of the finest quality produced from pure spring water—pumped direct from the wells—and again thanking you for past favors.

We Respectfully Solicit the Continuance of Your Patronage for the Coming Season.

Respectfully yours,

WILLIAM PUGH.

All Orders Promptly Filled.

Telephone 31, 3rd or New.

3-23 3m Office 107 East High Street

Do You Want Employment

At home or traveling with GOOD PAY?

If so, write us for particulars, giving age and occupation. You can work all or part time, and the work is LIGHT AND EASY. Address,

The Hawks Nursery Co.

26-4mms Rochester,

This week we are selling

MEN'S VICI KID

—AND—

Russia Calf Shoes,

—FOR—

\$3.00.In Chocolate, Ox-blood, Brown, Wine,
Tan and Maroon.**MICHAEL'S,**

OPERA HOUSE BLOCK.

WANTED.**GIRL WANTED**—Good wages for good, steady girl. 53 west Market street. If**WANTED**—An experienced dining room girl at the Hoffman House.**WANTED**—Energetic young ladies to introduce new brands of goods. Salary paid. Address L. T. McKee.**WANTED**—To rent a house of five or six rooms, with bath, not over six blocks distant from the Holmes building. State price. Address W. B. Bruce, room 39, Holmes building, City.**FORTUNE TELLING**—If you wish to know your past or future call at 507 north Main street, 2 doors south of McKee's street, on west side of the street. Great success. 25 years experience. Prices: Ladies 50c; gentlemen 50c.**AGENTS—OUTFIT FREE.** No capital needed. One agent one day sold fifty bicycles. Weekly sales pay big profits. We make a high grade bicycle as low as \$25.00. Write quick, exclusive territory. ALFRED OYOLA CO., Cincinnati, Ohio.**Notice to Sewer Contractors.**
I will receive bids until 12 o'clock noon, on Saturday, May 22nd, 1897, for taking up, cleaning and relaying about 350 feet of 12 inch sewer pipe on south Elizabeth street, between Spring and Elm streets.
Proposals and any information pertaining to the work can be had at my office.
L. F. PRAYTOR,
City Civil Engineer.**LETTER LIST.**

Letters remaining uncalled for in the Lima postoffice for week ending May 18, 1897:

| | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| Collins, J. J. (2) | Miller, Charlie |
| Darkest America Co | Miller, Fanna |
| Downer, Mary | Peterson, Walter |
| Fitcher, Geo | Price, Octava |
| Green, J. W. | Rhodes, S. C. |
| Hull, Emma | Ruppel, Wm |
| Kemper, Mary J | Ryleys, Comedians |
| Kenner, Alice | Sheator, Mose |
| Lacy, G. W. | Sheer, Joshua |
| Long, D. W. | Smith, Henderson |
| Lorance, Fanny | Smith, Joseph B. |
| McCearver, Wm | Thomas, H. F. |
| McMillin, Roy | Timmy, M. B. |
| Margaret, Jennie | Walt, Ed |
| McDonahan, Rebecca | Welsh, Grace |
| Merritt, C. O. | Whiteman, Pearl |

Parties calling for any of the above will please say "advertised."

W. R. MEHAFFEY, P. M.

Your Boy Won't Live a Month.

So Mr. Gilman Brown, of 34 Mill street, South Gardner, Mass., was told by the doctors. His son had lung trouble, following Typhoid Malaria, and he spent three hundred and seventy-five dollars with doctors, who finally gave him up, saying: "Your boy won't live a month." He tried Dr. King's New Discovery and a few bottles restored him to health and enabled him to go to work a perfectly well man. He says he owes his present good health to the use of Dr. King's New Discovery, and knows it to be the best in the world for lung trouble. Trial bottles free at H. F. Vorkamp's Drug Store, northeast corner Main and North streets.

COURT HOUSE NEWS.**REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.**

Ann E. Marmon to Gertrude Cameron; part of lots 1316, 1317, 1318 in the city of Lima, \$1, love and affection.

Clark W. Tabler and Sarah A. Tabler to B. F. Hultberger; 20 acres in Auglaize township, \$300.

John W. Benedum and wife to John R. Doney; lot in German township, \$225.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

THE BEST SALVE in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetters, Chapped Hands, Obilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, n. e. cor. North and Main sts., Lima.

Ticket Number 375.

Ticket number 375 drew the carpet at Allen Hive No. 187, L. O. T. M. Anyone holding said ticket will present same at Mitchell Hall Tuesday afternoon, May 18, 1897.

SOPHRONA SHEETS, Lady Com.
EVA M. FRANK, Record Keeper.

COUNTY AUDITORS

Along the Line of the Ohio Southern Meet Today With Auditor Walther to Assess the Road.

The auditors of the counties through which the Ohio Southern railroad passes, arrived in the city today at noon to assess the Ohio Southern railroad property. The party were driven to the Oak, where lunch was served, after which the auditors met with auditor Walther to make the assessment.

The following auditors composed the party: G. A. Orphal, Auditor; J. S. Laughlin, Shelby; O. E. Campbell, Logan; Calvin McDonald, Champlain; L. S. Young, Clark; W. D. Wilson, Madison; T. J. Linsey, Fayette; John N. McPherson, Green; Asa Jenkins, Clinton; John Reese, Highland; Harry S. Adams, Ross; P. F. Hammon, Pike; O. P. Shelling, Jackson; H. P. Sage, Vinton.

A chance to get something of value for nothing. Solve the celebrated 45 puzzle and get a suit of clothes or pair of trousers for nothing. Open to Lima people only.

Thompson & Gilles,
The Tailors.

Proven to be the nearest perfected bicycle on the market—the Andrae. Examine it and be convinced.

Lima Cycle Supply Co.,
217 south Main St.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.**ABOUT THE LIMA NORTHERN.**

Whether the Lima Northern should be charged the same arbitrary coal rate as the Toledo lines are charged or not was one of the subjects for discussion at a joint meeting of the Michigan and Ohio lines, in the Boudy at Toledo, yesterday; in other words, whether it should be classed as a Toledo coal line or as a Michigan line. The Lima Northern delivers some of its coal to the Michigan lines as far north as Adrian and, of course, thinks that it should get a larger proportion of the rate from the Ohio mines and Michigan than the lines which deliver to the Michigan lines at Toledo. Before this question is settled there may be some trouble. Then there is a general impression among the Ohio lines that the Michigan lines are getting a larger proportion of the rates between the mines and Michigan points than they should. The meeting was in many respects quite interesting and warm.

NOTES.

T. H. Perry, purchasing agent for the L. E. & W., was in the city this morning.

The Lima Northern has filed a demurrer in the case brought against it by Lemen Waltz et al., claiming the plaintiffs' petition does not give sufficient facts for cause of action.

A prominent western newspaper recommends flax seed tea as an excellent remedy for whooping cough. It may be good, but it is not to be compared with Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. This preparation will allay the violent fits of coughing and make them less frequent and less severe. It also liquefies the tough mucus, making it easier to expectorate. Complete recovery is much quicker, too, when this remedy is given. There is no danger in giving it to small children, as it is a pleasant syrup and contains nothing injurious. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner: C. W. Heister, 58 Public Square.

Commencing to-day and until further notice, all Market street cars will run to the cemetery every afternoon.

Girl Wanted.

Good wages for good, steady girl. 518 west Market street.

TO BE REVIVED.

The Graduates of Lima High School Meet to Reorganize

An Alumni Association—A Committee on Organization Appointed—Meeting Friday Night.

Last evening several members of the alumni of the Lima high school met in the assembly room of the court house to consider the advisability of reorganizing the association. Considerable interest in the organization was manifested by all those who were present, and it was decided to take preliminary steps toward the organization of an association.

The association will be composed of graduates of the high school, whether or not they were members of the old organization. It is the object, or desire, of the members to hold a reception and banquet this year in honor of the members of this year's graduating class.

The next meeting will be held in the board of education rooms, at 7 o'clock next Friday evening, and it is desired that all graduates who can should be present and assist in the organization.

The following committee on constitution was appointed, to report at the meeting on Friday evening: Will Parmenter, Dr. Chas. Collins, Edgar Prophet, Miss Kate Freeman, Miss Heffner, Miss Lucy Reilly and Mrs. J. P. Bourquin.

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been or Are Going.

P. L. Rouzer was in Cincinnati yesterday.

Mrs. Lufkin went to Ft. Wayne this morning.

John O'Connor went to Cridersville this morning.

M. D. Phelps, of Van Wert, was in the city last evening.

J. M. Doty and wife are visiting their sons, at Bluffton.

Dr. H. P. Wagner, of Delphos, was in the city last evening.

Mrs. John McNeef left this afternoon for a visit in Sidney.

Charles Mann left this morning on a trip to St. Louis and Louisville.

Mrs. S. H. Reed, of east High street, is visiting friends and relatives in Clyde, O.

Miss Elvora Dryfoss, of Fremont, is the guest of Miss Waters, of north Elizabeth street.

Assessors Summers and Krieff, of Delphos, filed their returns with the county auditor yesterday.

Miss Edith Wappner, of Broadway, will leave to-morrow on an extended visit with friends in Converse and Wabash, Ind.

J. W. Burns, of the Burnet House, went to Martinsburg, Ind., yesterday to receive treatment at the sanitarium at that place.

Mrs. Matthew Mooney, of Birmingham, N. Y., is visiting her daughters, Mrs. Edward Noonan and Mrs. Otmar J. Feltz.

Mrs. Margaret Herold, of north West street, left yesterday for Marion, Ohio, to visit relatives and friends for several days.

Prof. Walton E. Clark left last night for Boston, being called there by a telegram bearing the sad intelligence of the death of his aged father.

Patrick O'Brien, of north Union street, left yesterday for a visit with his son, engineer Luke O'Brien, of the O. & E., who lives at Huntington, Ind.

Mrs. John Kenney and little granddaughter returned yesterday afternoon to their home in Urbana, after a visit of several days with Lima relatives and friends.

Miss Matilda Schafer, of 213 east Wayne street, and cousin Matilda Schafer, formerly of Cincinnati, have returned after visiting relatives and friends in Cincinnati.

Dr. Mummaugh was in Leipzig yesterday, being called there to attend Mrs. Ed Smith, formerly Miss Roberts, of this city, who has been critically ill for the past several days suffering from inflammation of the bowels. The Dr. reports her as being very low, and says there are no hopes of her recovery.

Still they go—our Calumet bicycle at \$35. They have no equal.

Lima Cycle Supply Co.,
217 south Main St.

Commencing to-day and until further notice, all Market street cars will run to the cemetery every afternoon.

Notice to Teachers.

The Lima City Board of School Examiners will hold a meeting for the examination of applicants, on Saturday, May 22nd, 1897, beginning at 8 a. m. in the high school room, east building.

Commencing to-day and until further notice, all Market street cars will run to the cemetery every afternoon.

G. E. BLUEM.

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

G. E. BLUEM.

FOR HONEST DRY GOODS AND LOW PRICE

In Saturday's paper we spoke about

- LACE CURTAINS -

AT \$2.00, \$2.50 AND \$3.00

That were specially good for the money, and yesterday we sold a great many Curtains at these prices because they are extra good values for the money asked. You will soon need Lace Curtains, so get them now while you can get them cheap.

Spring Dress Goods Bargains.

You can buy \$1.00 and \$1.25 Spring Dress Goods here for 59c per yard. If you wish a nice Spring Dress for little money see this bargain.

Fancy Parasols.

We have never shown such a choice selection of Fancy Parasols as now, and at such popular prices, too. Have you got your Parasol for next Sunday's wear? You can get them here.

Separate Skirts.

The hang of a Skirt is hard to describe, yet when its wrong the whole world knows it. These Skirts hang gracefully and will more than please you.

| | |
|---------------------|--------|
| Separate Skirts for | \$1.75 |
| Separate Skirts for | 1.98 |
| Separate Skirts for | 3.00 |
| Separate Skirts for | 3.50 |

Organdies.

Choice Organdies are here; for warm weather wear a better collection of choice Organdies would be hard to find—all sold at popular prices.

G. E. BLUEM,

57 PUBLIC SQUARE.

Dry Goods, Dress Goods and Cloak House.**FOR 10 DAYS!**

Special Trade Makers at the

COLUMBIA SHOE STORE.

You want pretty Shoes; we have them, but we want you to have them. Here are some trade makers that you cannot afford to miss. Once a wearer of Columbia Shoes, always a customer.

Try Us at Our 10 Days' Trade-Making Sale!

Ladies' fine cloth top, chocolate tan Shoes, patent leather tips and trimmed, AA to E, for \$3.00.

Ladies' fine kid and cloth top oxblood Shoes, new toes, best styles, AA to E, for \$3.00.

Ladies' cloth top, fine dark tan, lace Shoes, worth \$3.50; sale price, \$2.50. AAA to E. Ask to see them.

500 pairs ladies' dark chocolate tan Shoes, worth \$2.50, for \$1.85. The "Ivy Green," the new green Shoe; a foot beautifier, AA to E, for \$3.00.

MISSES' NEW IVY GREEN SHOES.

CHILDREN'S NEW IVY GREEN SHOES.

500 pairs gents' Russia calf, tan and oxblood \$3.00 Shoes, for \$2.25. Gents' new patent leather tan Shoes with fancy silk tops, best styles, for \$3.50.

OUR PRICES FOR THE TEN DAYS' SALE IS BOUND TO MAKE A CUSTOMER OF YOU.

Get Your Keys On the Money Boxes!

A KEY FOR EVERY ONE DOLLAR PURCHASE.

\$150 to Be Given Away July 4th.

We polish your Shoes free. Special stand for ladies.

THE COLUMBIA,

FOOT-FITTERS, LIMA, O.

KILLED AND MAIMED.

WORKERS' AGITATION FOR EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY LEGISLATION.

Uncertain and inadequate redress for Criminal Neglect of Employers—Courts Under Corporation Influence—Specimen Cases Cited.

[Special Correspondence.]

The problem, usually designated under the term of "employers' liability," is of distinctly modern origin. It has its deep roots in our system of industrial production, which has been so thoroughly revolutionized by machinery that old things have passed away and become new. Accidents to the workers are no longer isolated cases happening rarely and affecting a few individuals. The field of labor is transformed into a veritable battlefield, where death and destruction gather their harvest all the year round. This fact has become so well recognized in some countries that intelligent efforts have been made to grapple with the evil. The basis for all such work is, of course, knowledge of its cause and extent. Hence in the more advanced European countries steps have been taken toward obtaining complete statistics of accidents to employees, so that legislative action might ensue on a practical basis.

In the United States, in spite of our feverish industrial activity, we have so far no systematic gathering of accident statistics, except in the railroad branch, where the Interstate Commerce Commission has for some years done good and useful work along this line. A comparison of the meager data obtainable here with the more complete information collected in other countries and careful reasoning by analogy justify the assumption that in the United States the number of killed amounts to about 13,000 per annum and the number of maimed or injured to about 80,000.

A superficial reader of Professor F. J. Stimson's book on labor law in the United States might receive the impression that we have already taken up the problem thus presented and dealt with it in a rational and satisfactory manner. Mr. Stimson's statements are altogether too rosy, and hence misleading. As a matter of stern reality, it must be stated that only very few of the states have even made a beginning in effective liability legislation, and that their groping efforts are very far indeed from a thorough solution. On the other hand, in most of the great industrial states, notably New York and Pennsylvania, and New England, with the exception of Massachusetts, nothing as yet to nothing has been accomplished as yet.

If documentary evidence were wanted to demonstrate the chaotic condition in which this matter remains, the March bulletin of the Department of Labor should convince the most doubting Thomas. Here a large number of cases are given from all sections of the Union, where claims for damages arising from industrial accidents were dealt with in our courts and finally settled on appeal by decisions of federal judges.

The first important fact which these reported cases force upon the reader is that the decisions are usually judge-made law, based on general principles of the common law. Those principles, originated at another epoch, may or may not apply to changed modern conditions. Their invocation gives the utmost latitude to judicial construction. In the majority of cases we find that where the lower courts, with a glimpse of understanding of modern conditions, had found for the victims of industry, the higher judges, after considerable twisting, reverse the decisions.

Another regrettable fact is that even where favorable decisions are obtained the long delay brought about by litigation must result disastrously to the innocent victims. They have no command of a long purse which enables them to wait calmly and in ease the last word of judicial wisdom. In accident suits all the conditions are unfavorable to the penniless plaintiffs. Usually they can appear in court only by virtue of an agreement with their lawyer, who takes the case on a percentage basis, and if he happens to win his bill for expenses and his contingent share in the award leave very little for his clients.

A few quotations from the judicial decisions in the above mentioned report will show how some courts apply the laws.

In the case of Brewer versus Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railway company it was plaintiff's duty to stop all cars loaded with ore at a certain place on a trestle about 25 or 30 feet above the floor. A piece of timber about 18 inches wide and 6 inches thick had been placed parallel with and between the tracks on said trestle for employees to walk on while handling the cars. Said timber had been worn off by unloading the ore on it until it was not more than two or three inches wide on top and defective, unsafe and unfit for any one to walk on. Plaintiff and others had notified the company shortly before the accident of the condition of the timber. The company, by its agent, promised to replace it and ordered plaintiff to continue the work, which he did rather than lose his job, and relying upon the promise to repair. One afternoon, in attempting to step from a car on to the timber, his foot slipped off and he fell through the trestle into the iron ore below and was severely injured.

The plaintiff lost his suit. The supreme court of Tennessee decided against him. Chief Justice Snodgrass delivered the opinion in which the following piece of judicial wisdom is of striking force: "If the plank was 18 inches wide and had been worn until it was but 2 or 3 inches, as averred, it is clear that whatever danger might have existed in its use was perfectly apparent, and therefore one who used it must take the risk."

This Tennessee decision recalls to the writer a case which happened about 30 years ago in that part of Germany

where at that time the code Napoleon was still in force. In winter time a brewery laid in a large supply of ice. The workmen had to carry the blocks from the carts to the cellar over a temporary plank road about eight or ten feet above the level of the street. After several hours of work the planks became slippery from the dripping which froze on their surface. One of the men lost his footing, fell and was injured. He sued the brewery and obtained a favorable decision from the court of appeals at Zweibruck, Palatinate. This court sensibly found that an unsafe condition of the plank road might have been easily foreseen by the employer, who should have provided against it by putting up guardrails on both sides so that nobody could fall when slipping. Failure to do this established the employer's liability for damages.

In a large number of cases the defense is that the accident was due to the negligence of a fellow servant, and that the common law does therefore hold the employer free from responsibility of any kind. It is the favorite defense of railroads and mining concerns and often works like a charm. The case of the Oregon Short Line and Utah Northern Railway Company versus Frost, 74 Federal Reporter, shows this legal principle in all its usefulness for corporations. Space will not permit a statement of the case. But every fair minded person reading it without bias will be reminded of the Latin saying, "The highest law is the greatest injustice."

The issue of employers' liability is now up for discussion among workers and their friends, and it will never down until settled, and settled according to the demands of justice and humanity. MOSES OPPENHEIMER.

New York, May, 1897.

WAS NOT BULLDOZED.

A California Journal's Opinion of the "National" Typographical Union.

In a recent number The Argonaut commented upon the fact that the National Typographical union claimed that it had defeated Colonel Harrison G. Otis of the Los Angeles Times, for the post of first assistant secretary of war. The claim made by the Typographical union was a circumstantial one—they asserted that they had accomplished their ends through the efforts of the Indiana Republican delegation. They also stated that Walking Delegate Thomson of Cleveland succeeded in getting Senator Hanna to protest against Otis' appointment.

The Argonaut looked upon these statements with a certain measure of doubt, but printed them none the less, expressing its doubts at the same time. We since have received authoritative information that the boast of the walking delegates of the Typographical union is unfounded. President McKinley did not allow the attacks of the labor unions upon Colonel Otis to affect his opinion of that gentleman, which had been formed through an acquaintance of 30 years, dating back to the time when they were comrades in arms. The reason that Colonel Otis was not appointed was owing to the opposition of Secretary Alger. Necessarily the president could not force upon a cabinet officer an appointee whom he did not desire. Secretary Alger's objection to Colonel Otis was not of a personal or political but purely of a sectional nature. When Colonel Otis was informed of this embarrassment on the part of the secretary and the president, he at once withdrew his name from all consideration for the post of first assistant secretary of war.

This information comes to us from the inside. We would not like to believe that this Republican administration could be bulldozed in its incipency by walking delegates of labor unions. —San Francisco Argonaut.

An Important Decision.

The following is an extract from the dissenting opinion in the case of Robertson et al. versus Baldwin. This is a case where sailors were committed to jail for declining to serve under a sailing master after reaching a port. On their appeal this action was sustained by the supreme court of the United States.

"Even if it were conceded—a concession to be made only for argument's sake—that it could be made a criminal offense, punishable by fine or imprisonment or both, for such employees to quit their employment before the expiration of the term for which they agreed to serve, it would not follow that they could be compelled, against their will and in advance of trial and conviction, to continue in such service. But the decision today logically leads to the conclusion that such a power exists in Congress. Again, as the legislatures of the states have all legislative power not prohibited to them, while Congress can only exercise certain enumerated powers for accomplishing specified objects, why may not the states, under the principles this day announced, compel all employees of railroads engaged in domestic commerce and all domestic servants and all employees in private establishments within their respective limits to remain with their employers during the terms for which they were several engaged, under the penalty of being arrested by some sheriff or constable and forcibly returned to the service of their employers? The mere statement of these matters is sufficient to indicate the scope of the decision this day rendered."

A Progressive Pastor.

The Rev. Leighton Williams, pastor of Amity Baptist church, 310 West Fifty-fourth street, New York, said in a recent sermon:

"We need to pay more earnest attention to the growing alienation of the workmen from the church and to ascertain the opinions of the manual workers themselves regarding this alienation. Their views are entitled to far more respect than is usually accorded to them. In any event, the church must be weak as long as this element is not more largely represented within them."

PAY OF ACTRESSES.

WOMEN ON THE STAGE RECEIVE, AS A RULE, SMALL SALARIES.

There Are a Few Who Are Rewarded Liberally, but Generally the Business Is Not Profitable, and Not Many in This Country Have Made Fortunes.

Into a room in an up town office building there passed at irregular intervals young women who, after having spent some time inside, reappeared at the door and started down the flight of steps that lead to the street. This happened all day. A line of women was continually going in and out. None of them stood very long, and none of them left the room with expressions of particular satisfaction.

"I don't think there could be any better warning," said a theatrical man who had an office opposite the door through which the girls disappeared, "to women who think of going on the stage than the sight of that string of women. That is a theatrical exchange, and in and out of that office they go every day. Some of them—the lucky ones—disappear after awhile, and they seem to have found places. But the majority come and go for a long time before anything is found for them. The best don't come to the exchanges, you know. Only those who are not well enough known to have their services always in demand are compelled to look for positions through the agents. The others can go to the managers, or, in some rare cases, have the managers come to them."

"There never was a subject about which less was really known than that of the rewards that a life on the stage brings to a woman. I remember to have seen once an interview with Lotta Crabtree in The Sun in which she said that the stage gave women more than any other profession could. Lotta is one of the few very rich women of the stage, and I am afraid that optimistic opinion was affected more or less by her own success. If she had not accumulated \$500,000 or more, Lotta might not look so favorably upon the stage as a means of livelihood for women."

"The ideas that are prevalent about salaries, the general idea of the large amounts paid and the prospects for saving money that such occupation affords are all based on very erroneous impressions. There are, of course, actors that make large sums, and some that make fortunes. But there are not many of them. There are very few people, for instance, who would believe that the leading lady of a prominent New York stock company gets only \$100 a week—that is, for about 30 weeks of the year, or maybe \$5 a week. On the road she receives \$125 a week. A certain amount is paid by her manager toward her costumes, but when it happens that the plays are not successful and have to be changed frequently, the expense of costumes uses up a large proportion of what she may make. The most popular leading woman in American receives only \$125 a week when she is in New York and an extra \$35 on the road. Yet as many of the people at the theaters in which she acts go to see her as go to see the 'star' with whom she is associated. But she's to be a star herself after awhile, and then she will make enough to repay her for all the time she was building up her popularity, even if she was not getting rich."

"These women that get the salaries I spoke of are the best paid in the country. Among all the women on the stage I doubt if there are 50 who receive as much as that. One leading lady in a New York theater gets only \$85 a week. The women who act on the road with stars get usually \$75 or \$80, and in some cases \$100. But, as I said, there are not many of them in the last schedule. The prices range on down to \$30, which is about the smallest salary paid to any woman in a first class company."

"When they get to be stars on their own account, the case is different. Usually the women stars get certain sums every week in salary and certain amounts from the profits. Some of the best paid get \$300 a week in salary and one-quarter of the profits. Then they begin to make money. One-quarter of the profits may equal, under favorable circumstances, \$2,000. That makes the salary of the actor engaged on the terms mentioned \$800 a week. But only the lucky ones succeed in ever accomplishing such success as that. Of course there are others who take all the money and merely hire their managers. But they are still fewer in number."

"Another thing that has to be taken into consideration is the fact that a woman has only a certain time on the stage. She must be a genius to last much beyond 40, and she is not likely to become famous much before 30. So her time is rather short. After a certain period the decline begins and salaries begin to go down, just as before the age, say of 40, they increased. Think of the few rich or even comfortably off women of the stage. They could be counted on the fingers.—Lotta, Maggie Mitchell, Fanny Davenport and Clara Morris. There may be a few others, but they are mighty few. Compare this with the long list of women that have been popular and successful in their youth, and I think you will agree with me that the women on the stage are not as well paid as the aspirants think."—New York Sun.

In the Blacksmith's Shop.

"I have seen some pretty hard knocks in my time," began the axvil in ringing tones, when the bellows interrupted him with: "But think of the trouble I have. There isn't a day that I am not hard pressed to raise the wind."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Margaret, queen of Henry IV, king of France, confined in the Louvre, pursued very warmly the studies of elegant literature and composed a very skillful apology for the irregularities of her conduct.

The principal part of a Kaffir's religion consists in singing and dancing.

THE WORLD'S BLIND.

Curious Facts About the Sightless and the Care Taken of Them in Various Lands.

A paragraph is traveling about to the effect that the world's blind are computed to number 1,000,000 about one sightless person to every 1,300 inhabitants. If the proportion of sightless persons were the same in every country, or substantially so, it would be easier to conclude that blindness is due to causes which neither skill nor fore-sight can prevent. But the truth of the matter, as has been pointed out by a distinguished German oculist, is that the great majority of cases of blindness are due to fever and the same authorities declare that 75 per cent of the afflicted persons could have retained their sight had they been properly treated.

Some figures in corroboration of this are supplied by the official statistics of both England and France. By the last reports there were 23,000 sightless persons in England, the average being 870 for each 1,000,000 inhabitants. The percentage of blind persons among infants of less than 5 years was 166 for each 1,000,000; between 5 and 15 it rose to 288; between 20 and 25 to 422; between 45 and 60 to 1,625; and above 65 years of age 7,000 for each 1,000,000 inhabitants. Similarly in France the official figures show that only one-sixth of the sightless were born blind, and five-sixths became blind through illness or accident. The French official figures further show that of those born blind 65 per cent were male and only 35 per cent female children. Another curious result shown by the figures is found in the fact that while the number of blind male and blind female adults was substantially the same, the number of sightless married men in France is double the number of sightless married women. Less than 10 per cent of the total number of sightless persons in France by the last report were under the age of 21.

Russia and Egypt are the two countries in which blind persons constitute the largest proportionate number of the total population—in Russia, on account of the lack of experienced medical attention, and in Egypt on account of ophthalmia, due to the movement of the sand by the wind, or, more properly, to the irritation caused by this unusual local condition, which has made ophthalmia general.

There were at last accounts nearly 200,000 blind persons in European Russia, the proportion being highest in the northern provinces and conspicuously so in Finland, where the prevalence of blindness, four times greater than the general average in Europe, is ascribed to the flatness of the country and the imperfect ventilation of the huts used by the peasantry. Many of these huts are either without chimneys or are supplied with primitive chimneys, which do not draw, and the escape of the smoke into the living apartments has a marked tendency to aggravate all eye troubles. Though more than half the blind population of Europe is to be found in Russia there are only 25 asylums for the blind in that empire, one-tenth of the total number in Europe. Though the number of blind persons in the United States is less than one-third as large as the number in Russia, the number of inmates of blind asylums in the United States is larger than in any other country of the world. By the last reports the total number of pupils in institutions for the blind in the United States was 3,183, and the grounds and buildings devoted to their use were valued at \$6,000,000.—New York Sun.

Worth While.

Dr. Anna Robertson Brown, speaking in Philadelphia to a branch of the Association of Collegiate Alumnae, said upon the topic "What Is Worth While?" "We may drop pretense. Eternity is not good for shams. Whatever we really are let us be that in all tenderness. Whatever we are not that let us cease striving to seem to be. If we can rid ourselves of all untruth of word, manner, mode of life and thinking, we shall rid our lives of much rubbish, restlessness and fear. We may drop worry. The serene soul is strong. Worry is an infirmity, a spiritual near-sightedness, a tarnishing wax of looking at things and of magnifying their value. Transcendental vision sweeps the universe and sees things in their right proportion."

A Ray Envelope.

The envelope lined with tin foil will possibly be a fatal in the near future of experiments with the Roentgen ray continue. It has already been demonstrated that the contents of a sealed letter, enclosed in the ordinary envelope, may be photographed. Le Gaudais a French paper has photographed such private matter in 15 seconds. By using envelopes lined with tin foil we could defy the X rays in the hands of the inquisitive.

BACKACHE

Makes the young feel old and the old feel that life is not worth the living. It is a danger signal of kidney disease. It can be

CURED.

After recovering from a month's illness, with typhoid fever, I found that my kidneys had been left in a very weak condition, and gave me great pain, so that I could not rest at night. Every night I would wake up with great pains in small of my back. Seeing the notice of your public test, I got a box of Dr. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills at Lak's drug store, and they really do all you claim. After using them for three days, all pain left and I feel perfectly well. Hobbs' Sparagus Kidney Pills must be a grand kidney medicine to do such quick work. PETER JOHNSON, 421 S. Young St., Canton, O.

HOBBS

Sparagus Kidney Pills

HOBBS REMEDY CO., PROPRIETORS, CHICAGO.

Piles! Piles! Piles!

Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment will cure Blind, Bleeding, Ulcerated and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumor, allays the itching at once, acts as a poultice, gives instant relief. Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment is prepared only for Piles and itching of the private parts, and nothing else. Every box is guaranteed. Sold by druggists, sent by mail for 50c and \$1 per box. WILLIAMS' P. O. BOX, 100, Cleveland, O. For sale by H. F. Vorkamp, northeast corner Main and North streets.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. Person's Complexion Powders give it.

SUMMER OUTINGS.

Seashore, Mountain and Lake Resorts.

The principal places of summer sojourn along the Atlantic ocean, in the Alleghenys, the Adirondacks, Catskills and mountains of the east, and in the lake region and northern Michigan and the northwest, may be readily reached over the Pennsylvania lines.

Special information regarding the leading resorts and the advantages enjoyed in journeying to them over the Pennsylvania route has been compiled and printed in convenient form. The matter is profusely illustrated with photographic reproductions of seashore scenes, and includes views at Atlantic City, Cape May, Long Branch and other resorts along the Atlantic coast; also of Cresson, Bedford Springs and Romantic mountain retreats, and of Petoskey, Mackinack and the summer havens in Michigan and the northwest.

Persons contemplating summer outing trips will find it a valuable guide in shaping preliminaries. Copies may be obtained by addressing O. L. Kimball, Assistant General Passenger Agent, Cleveland, O. d&w

An Impression.

"Did that lawyer get a clear view of the case?" inquired the litigant's friend.

"No! I'm afraid he didn't. I told him that my trouble was about money, and he seemed to be proceeding on the theory that by relieving me of my money he would cause the trouble to disappear."—Washington Star.

Why not be Strong?

Blood, tissue, health and strength are generated from the food we eat; therefore, the maintenance of a vigorous digestion is quite essential to life. To strengthen and help digestion, use Dr. John W. Bull's Pills, the best remedy for stomach troubles ever devised. Mrs. C. J. Johnson, Kansas, Ill., in a letter, says: "Dr. Bull's Pills, which I take, people in this section rarely come to me for good results with Dr. John W. Bull's Pills. An old lady told me the pills did her so much good, she could not be without them." Dr. John W. Bull's Pills (60 in a box) cost but 25 cents; trial box, 10 cents, at all dealers, or by mail. A. C. Meyer & Co., Baltimore, Md. Ask for the genuine Dr. John W. Bull's Pills.

His One Ambition.

He was in the dock. He was in the dock appropriating the property of his fellow man, and the prosecuting attorney was taking a spin at him.

"Do you think you can't help being a thief?"

"Yes."

"Father a thief before you. was he?"

"Yes."

"Mother a kleptomaniac?"

"Easy."

"No other calling congenial to you?"

"Only one, sir."

"And what is that one?"

"I'd like to be a lawyer, sir."—Boston Budget.

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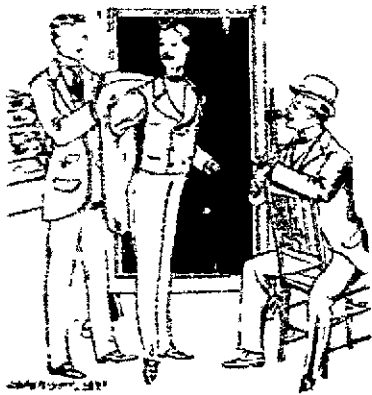
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But the best judge of what is best in clothing is the man who makes the clothes. We find it a simple matter to give absolute satisfaction when the customer is willing to accept an honest opinion merely for what it may be worth to him. This we give you. Call and be convinced. All work made in the city.

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THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

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TALES OF THE TOWN.

U. O. Bels, of Kerr's grocery, has joined the wheelmen with a new mount, the yellow fellow.

The Ladies' Auxiliary to the B. of E. T. will give a social in the Wheeler block on Thursday evening, May 20th.

Frank, or better known as "Spot" Grafton, was locked up last night on suspicion and was fired out of town this morning.

The McCullough's Lake Fishing Club met in J. W. Mowen's office last night and re-elected the same officers for another year.

Mrs. J. B. Bobb, at the home of her sister, Mrs. H. S. Bork, 533 North Elizabeth street, is seriously ill with erysipelas of the face.

The Women's Home Missionary Society of Trinity church will spend all day Wednesday at the parsonage. A cordial invitation to all.

The district grand committee, I. O. O. F., met last night in Lima Lodge rooms and conferred the past grand degree on C. M. Woods, of Elida, and J. J. Guyer, of Spencerville.

Mrs. Lenore Gramline and Mrs. E. F. Davis will present the midget wedding in Grace M. E. Church on next Friday evening, and in the Congregational church on Friday evening, May 28th. They will also give Dearest exercises to a class.

The pastors and superintendents of Sunday schools of Lima and officers of the Allen Co. S. S. Association will hold a meeting next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, at the Congregational church, to consider plans for making a thorough religious census of the city in the interest of Christian work and of the families of the city.

Saturday morning, Howard Durnbaugh slipped quietly out of town and went to Van Wert. That evening, Miss Anna Logan, of that place, who has been living recently at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Mack on the south side, also went to Van Wert, and she and Mr. Durnbaugh were wedded. Howard fooled the boys nicely, and they are anxious to congratulate him.

A chance to get something of value for nothing. Solve the celebrated 45 puzzle and get a suit of clothes or pair of trousers for nothing. Open to Lima people only.
Thompson & Gilles,
The Tailors.

WELCOME NEWS.

Market for Lima Oil Advanced One Cent To-Day.

EASTERN ADVANCED THREE.

The Alexandria Boom still at its Height—Carver Well Holding Up at a Good Rate—Dry Hole Drilled Near the Gusher.

This afternoon purchasing agent T. A. McLaughlin, of the Buckeye Pipe Line office, received a message from Oil City authorizing an advance of one cent per barrel in the price of Lima and Indiana crude oil and an advance of three cents in the price of eastern oil. The market quotations were as follows:

OIL MARKET.

Pennsylvania 30
North Lima 25
South Lima 25
Indiana 17
Buckeye Pipe Line runs May 15th, 47,103.91; 16th, 4,752.14.

ENCITEMENT STILL ON.

A dispatch from Anderson, Ind., states that the excitement in the new Madison county oil field continues to be rampant. Leases are being filed on everything in sight, notwithstanding the pending litigation by the state and by the gas companies. Within the next week not less than twenty new wells will be opened within sight of the Carver gusher. This will raise a state commotion and gas companies will proceed to stampede again.

The greatest of fear prevails throughout the great section dependent upon the Indiana gas reservoir for fuel, that the oil operations cannot be headed off and that the last days of natural gas are at hand. This is made more and more the case since the announcement has been made by the oil men that they have closed with Chicago companies to put separators on the wells and take all of the gas that comes up with the oil. It is not clear now, if that plan is carried out, if the state laws will be of any benefit to the gas men, though the intent of the laws are that the gas is to remain in the ground until drawn on for specific purpose. The next well to be brought in will be one belonging to the Deckers, so well known in the oil fields. It is within twenty rods of the gusher and will come in about Monday or Tuesday. A half hundred derricks are going up in the new field. There is no perceptible falling off in the pressure of the Carver well, though it was expected.

AN IMPORTANT EXPERIMENT.

Indiana gas belt promoters, headed by C. K. McCullough, of Anderson, and the widely known Deckers, have organized a company for the purpose of making a test which will be of a great deal of interest to Ohio and Pennsylvania gas and oil men. The Indiana gas reservoir lies at a depth of 825 to 950 feet and from this reservoir all of the gas used in this state has been drawn. It is a well known geological fact that this section has always been a dumping or accumulating ground for the organic matter of paleozoic ages, from which gas and oil are generated.

The new company proposes to take old Vesuvius, the greatest of all the old Indiana gas wells, which is dry at present, and beginning at the bottom of the 850 foot hole sink a drill through to the depth of 3,000 or 3,500 feet, if gas is not found before reaching that depth. All are firmly of the opinion that gas will be found lower and that the pressure will be many times what the pressure now is. The great Indiana field is keeping up remarkably well, but the threatened invasion of oil men has put gas men to figuring and this will be one of their first steps.

DUSTER NEAR THE CARVER.

A dispatch from Elwood to the Commercial Tribune to-day states that the Deckers have drilled in a dry hole in the new Alexandria field. The well is located on a strip of land adjoining the Carver farm.

Pointers in Buying a Bicycle.

Since we have placed on the market a strictly up-to-date '97 Bicycle at \$35 some others are trying to imitate us in price only. Watch out for them. See how the wheel is built: if they are common wire spoke they are no good. How are the hubs made? Those of our imitators from tubing. How can you tell? Look on the inside of the hub; you will see a crease next to the flange in which the spokes are fastened; they are no good; better keep away from such goods. A bicycle that will stand the wear must have some of the component parts of a high grade wheel. We guarantee our \$35 wheel to be built as follows: Excelsior needle spokes swaged at both ends; Saunderson's tool steel in cups, and cones turned from solid bar; Indianapolis chain; hubs turned from solid bar; M. W. or single tube tires. A genuine bargain that cannot be duplicated in the city for \$35 for gents and \$37.50 for ladies. To see and examine is to buy.

LIMA CYCLE SUPPLY CO.,
217 South Main street.

An Assured Success

"Sweet Lavender" tickets will be exhausted long before the date. Visit Melville's at once

For carpets and matings go to Carroll & Cooney's.

DID NOT WORK.

A Bit of Political Trickery Came to Naught.

WHERE DID THE MONEY GO

Which the Republican Council Squandered Last Year?—Almost all the Funds Overdrawn and no substantial Results to Show for It.

The Lima Gazette this morning contains the following article.

"The finance committee of the council met yesterday to fix the tax levy. The committee was composed of four Democrats Mayor Baxter, Louis Koch, W. H. Stephens and John McVey, and two Republicans: J. B. Hughes and W. H. Standish. The committee decided on a tax levy that would increase the rate 2.1 mills, adding \$15,000 to the city's taxes. The following funds were to be increased.

| | Mills. |
|---|--------|
| General fund | 3 |
| Light fund | 4 |
| Police fund | 4 |
| Public fund | 1 |
| Sanitary fund | 1 |
| Special street improvement fund | 2 |
| Street fund | 2 |
| Park bond interest fund | 5 |
| Total | 31 |

The report was to have been presented to the council last night, but the Republican members refused to sign it and it was withheld by the Democratic members. All the time the Republicans were in control of the council they kept the tax rate down, and reduced the city's floating indebtedness. Now that the Democrats are in control of all the departments of the city government, they seek to raise the rate, and that, too, at a time when everyone is complaining of hard times, and taxes should be kept at as low a notch as possible."

THE FACTS IN THE CASE.

The facts are these: The finance committee of the council, consisting of Messrs Stephens, McVey, Koch, Hughes and Standish, had assigned a meeting for yesterday morning to arrange the levies for the following year. Mr. Stephens was sick and was unable to be present at the meeting, so that the committee consisted of McVey, Koch, Hughes and Standish, the two latter being assisted by city clerk Lynch. The matter of levies was discussed at length. Messrs. Hughes and Standish being old members, led the discussion, and favored additional levies to take up the overdrafts on the various funds. Mr. Hughes even suggesting that a levy be made high enough to pay the \$40,000 floating indebtedness.

A schedule was arranged, and the clerk instructed to write out the report and have it in readiness to sign at the meeting of the council. When the council met in the evening clerk Lynch handed the report to councilman Koch for signature. He saw that the names of the senior members were not attached, and asked why that was the case. Then Mr. Hughes let the cat out of the bag by saying, "I will not sign it. You Democrats can sign it." Mr. Koch very promptly refused to sign the report and fall into the trap which the Republican members had, they thought, so cunningly made. The report lacks any signatures, although it was prepared by two Republicans and two Democrats, the Republicans leading in the formation of the report by reason of their seniority of service.

In regard to the latter portion of the Gazette's article, in which a larger chunk of taffy is thrown at the late Republican administration, it is pertinent here to say. Almost every fund in the city is overdrawn. The shameful extravagance of the last council resulted in the expenditure of a vastly larger amount of money than was received, and as a result, the city's finances are in a chaotic condition. According to the city clerk's report, the condition of the various funds is as follows:

In the general fund there was, on the 1st of April, 1896, \$4,585.30. Notwithstanding all the money received during the year, so much was squandered that the balance on hand a year later was only \$3,009.66, against which was \$111.60 of orders, leaving a net balance of \$2,898.06.

The light fund has \$920.43 in cash with which to pay orders to the amount of \$2,475.00.

The poor fund, which on April 1, 1896, had a balance of \$904.51, on the first of April, 1897, found its funds shrunken to \$120.56.

The sanitary fund on April 1st, 1897, after a year's management by the Republican financiers, had an overdraft of \$43.38, and outstanding orders to the amount of \$2,802.47, with no money to pay any of them.

The special street improvement fund, which had a net balance of \$3,974.65 on April 1, 1896, on the same date in 1897 had a balance of \$16.56. Another example of financial profligacy.

The street fund, which had a balance of \$7,030.82 on April 1st, 1896, had shrunken nearly \$3,000 during the year, notwithstanding the enormous amount of money paid into it during the year.

The fact is, the financial policy of the last council was a dismal failure. Money was wasted like water, and but little equivalent given to the people in exchange for the expenditure. The hard times and the scarcity of labor did not deter the last council from the rankest sort of extravagance, which has resulted in overdrafts on almost all of the city funds, and a tremendous shrinkage in all those not actually overdrawn.

MORE PAVING.

South Main Street Improvement Petition In.

THE KIND OF MATERIAL

Not Yet Decided Upon—Sewer Rids Rejected—Mayor Baxter Reappointed all the Members of the Police Department.

When the city council convened last night President McVey occupied the chair, and the following members were present. O'Brien, Robbins, Warner, Koch, Miller, Standish, Hughes, Snyder, Morrison, Chapin and Pennypacker.

Minutes of last meeting were read and approved.

Second street property owners petitioned to have the Second street sewer extended east of St. Johns avenue. Referred to the sewer committee.

Property owners on west side of Cole street petitioned for sidewalks between Elm and Market streets. Referred to sidewalk committee.

South Elizabeth street property owners petitioned to have grade of that street, between Eureka and Kirby streets, retained as it is at present. The petition stated that the street was graded only last summer at the expense of the property owners.

Mr. Koch said that the grade was low enough as it is, and thought the ordinance passed a week ago to lower the grade should be repealed.

The engineer said it was necessary

to lower the grade only about six inches, and that the people would be satisfied after the work was completed.

Mr. Snyder said it appeared to him that some man down the hill wanted some more dirt. He was opposed to a change of the present grade.

Mr. Hughes moved to refer the petition to the engineer and instruct him to see the petitioners and report at the next meeting. The motion was carried.

Mr. Koch asked the engineer if he had surveyed the street last summer, and established the grade without knowing whether it was right or not. The engineer admitted that such was the case.

Petition for sewer on Forest avenue was referred to the sewer committee.

Petition to extend the south West street sewer to Hog creek was referred to the sewer committee.

Petition for two hundred feet of sewer on Eureka street west from McPherson avenue, was referred to the sewer committee.

MAIN STREET IMPROVEMENT.

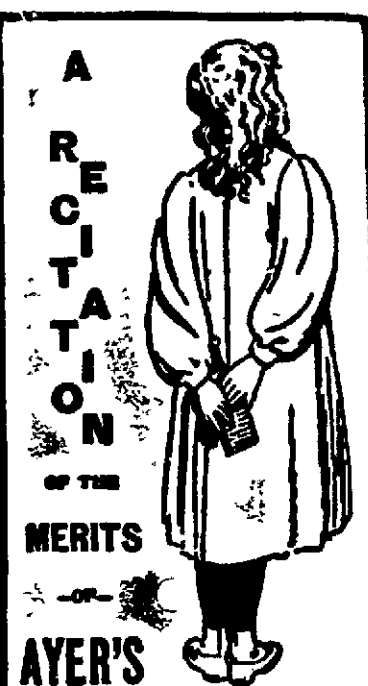
The petitions for the improvement (Continued on First Page.)

SOLAR EXTENSION

Will be Completed and Service Will Commence Thursday.

The Solar refinery and Hover's park extension of the street railway is almost completed and soon cars will be running over the new track. A trial trip will be made to-morrow and by Thursday the line will be put into operation.

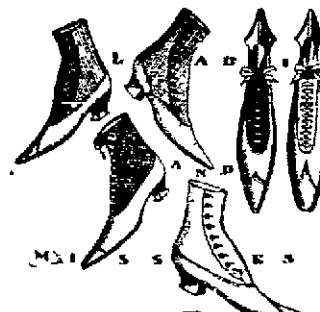
Supt. Currie stated this morning that at first a ten-minute service will be operated over the new extension, the cars to run from Murphy street, on north Main, to Hover's



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would include the cure of every form of disease which affects the throat and lungs. Asthma, Croup, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough and other similar complaints have (when other medicines failed) yielded to
Ayer's Cherry Pectoral.

park and back, and that in case the patronage demands it, more cars and quicker time will be afforded.

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That we have to show in the very latest styles of Shoes are a great help towards fitting the foot as the customer wants. Having only the best qualities and buying in large quantities, we are able to give

greater satisfaction than you can obtain elsewhere for the same money. Our new Ladies' Shoes in Brown, Chocolate, Wine, Purple and Green, at \$3.00 a pair—are bargains that you cannot afford to miss.

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One lot of ALL WOOL CHECK DRESS GOODS fine equality, and very stylish, the colorings are correct and they will please you and sell out quickly at the price which we can afford to sell them at, which is only.

25c A YARD.

One lot of FANCY RIBBONS in stripes, checks and moire, all pure silk and all number 60, will be sold at the remarkably low price of 25c a yard.

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